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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. XIII NO. 194— BOMBAY MONDAY AUGUST 17, 1925. ONE ANNA

The Bombay Chronicle

Business Notice.

ALL COMMUNICATIONS intended for publication in the "Bombay Chronicle" must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. In preparing manuscripts correspondents are requested to write on one side of the paper only, and to address their communications to the EDITOR, and not to any member of the staff by name. Attention to this rule will save much inconvenience and delay.

In the absence of express agreement to the contrary the copyright of all literary or other contributions published in the "Bombay Chronicle" vests in the Proprietors of the journal.

The Editor cannot undertake to return rejected communications unless a stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed for the purpose.

BUSINESS communications of every kind (advertisements, changes of address, etc.) should be addressed to the MANAGER. Advertisements intended for insertion in the next day's paper must reach the Office not later than 6 p.m.

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MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.

P. and O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

All Passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

Date.	Steamers.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
22nd Aug	RAZMAK ..	NALDERA x	15,993
29th ,,	MOREA ..		10,911
5th Sept.	RAZMAK ..	MACEDONIA*	11,089
12th ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND ..		16,227
19th ,,	RAZMAK ..	NARKUNDA*	16,100
26th ,,	RANPURA ..		16,585
3rd Oct.	RAZMAK ..	MONGOLIA x	19,004
10th ,,	CHINA ..		7,952
17th ,,	RAZMAK ..	MOOLTAN x ..	20,847
24th ,,	RAWALPINDI ..		16,100
31st ,,	RAZMAK ..	MALWA* ..	10,941
7th Nov.	RANCHI ..		16,100
14th ,,	RAZMAK ..	MALOJA x ..	20,837
21st ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND ..		11,430
28th ,,	RAZMAK ..	MANTUA* ..	10,902
5th Dec.	RANPURA ..		16,100
12th ,,	RAZMAK ..	NALDERAx ..	15,953
19th ,,	DEVANHA ..		8,151
26th ,,	RAZMAK ..	MOREA* ..	10,919
1926.			
2nd Jan.	RAWALPINDI ..		16,100
9th ,,	RAZMAK ..	NARKUNDA x	16,227
16th ,,	RANCHI ..		16,100
23rd ,,	RAZMAK ..	MACEDONIA*	11,089
30th ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND ..		11,430
6th Feb.	RAZMAK ..	MOOLTAN x	20,847
13th ,,	RANPURA ..		16,585
20th ,,	RAZMAK ..	MALWA*	10,941
27th ,,	RAJPUTANA ..		16,100
6th Mar.	RAZMAK ..	MALOJA x ..	20,837
13th ,,	RAWALPINDI ..		16,100
20th ,,	RAZMAK ..	MANTUA* ..	10,902
27th ,,	RANCHI ..		16,100
31st ,,	CHINA† ..		7,952
3rd April	RAZMAK ..	NALDERAx ..	15,993
10th ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND ..		11,430
17th ,,	RAZMAK ..	MOREA* ..	10,918
24th ,,	RANPURA ..		16,585
1st May	RAZMAK ..	NARKUNDA x	16,227
8th ,,	RAJPUTANA ..		16,100
15th ,,	RAZMAK ..	MACEDONIA	11,089
22nd ,,	RAWALPINDI ..		16,100
29th ,,	RAZMAK ..	MOOLTAN	20,847

x Through steamers from Australia have limited accommodation for passengers from India.
* Through steamers from China, have limited accommodation for passengers from India
† s.s. CHINA 31st March extra steamer at following reduced rates:—
1st Saloon to London £80, £70, and £60.
1st Saloon to Marseilles £72, £62, and £53.
2nd Saloon to London £54, and £52.
2nd Saloon to Marseilles £50, and £48.
The difference in passage rates is according to the position of the cabins.
Very Special berthing arrangements have been made to increase the comfort of passengers proceeding by the "China" on the 31st March 1926.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS
Bombay to Port Said and Plymouth

Date about	Steamers.	Tons.
17th Sept.	WARFIELD*	6,060
12th Nov.	MERKARA	8,285
26th ,,	MADURA	8,975
10th Dec.	MARGHA	8,278
1926		
7th Jany.	WARFIELD*	6,060
30th ,,	HATIMURA*	6,666
25th Febry.	Cargo Steamer	
18th Mar.	DOMALA	8,441
8th April	MARGHA	8,278
25th ,,	DUMANA	8,427
20th May	WARFIELD*	6,060

* Cargo Vessels only, will not convey passengers

P. AND O. SAILINGS, BOMBAY TO JAPAN VIA COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

P. AND O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO STRAITS, CHINA AND JAPAN.

Date.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Colombo for Australia with
1st Sep.	SOUDAN ..	6,696	CATHAY
15th ,,	SICILIA ..	6,813	MALOJA
10th Nov.	SOUDAN ..	6,696	NARKUNDA
24th ,,	SICILIA ..	6,813	CHITRAL
22nd Dec.	DELTA ..	7,622	MONGOLIA

* Cargo vessels only, proceed to Japan via Singapore

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS
TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF, TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA AND RANGOON

19th Aug	BARODA ..	Buscreh via Karachi & P. G. Ports
19th ,,	KHANDALLA	East & S. Africa
21st ,,	VITA ..	Buscreh via Karachi

The sailings for Karachi via Kathiawar on Saturdays and Mondays have meantime been suspended but steamers will leave for Karachi on Wednesdays and Fridays as usual. The "CHAKLA" will sail for Karachi direct on Saturday the 5th September and thereafter every Saturday, via Kathiawar.
Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage may be arranged with
MACKINNON MACKENZIE & Co.,
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

N. Y. K. LINE
REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI

Steamer.	Commander.	Tons.	Arrival.	Departure.
Muroran Maru	S Hirai	6374	1st Aug.	18th Aug
*Tamba Maru	J. Fujisawa	5845	16th Aug	29thAug
Tokushima Maru	K. Fukuda.	5975	27th Aug	10thSept
Ceylon Maru.	J. Yamada.	4905	15th Sep	29thSep
* Sado Maru	T. Sonoyama	5898	29th ,,	13th Oct
Toyooka Maru	S. Enya	7098	16th Oct.	30th ,,

* Passengers Steamers.

REVISED PASSAGE FARES

For	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	Steerage.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs
Singapore	300	200	140	100
Hongkong	475	320	215	145
Shanghai	530	355	240	160
Kobe	600	400	255	170

For particulars please apply to—
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
Alice Building, Hornby Road, Fort Bombay.
Telephone No. 20279 Telegrams YUSEN.

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THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 1895.

	Rs.
Capital Authorised	1,00,00,000
Capital Issued	50,00,000
Capital Subscribed	50,00,000
Capital Paid up to 31/12/24	30,65,586
Reserve Fund	25,70,000

HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE.

Amritsar	Hoshiarpur	Multan City
Amballa City	Hyderabad	Montgomery
Amballa Cant.	(Sind)	Okara (Dist. Montgomery)
Bombay	Jullundur	Peshawar City
Cawnpore	Jammu	Peshawar Cant
Calcutta	Jhelum City	Patiala
Delhi	Karachi	Quetta
D. I. Khan	Kasur	Rawalpindi
Ferozepore	Lahore City	Sargodha
Gujranwalla	Lyallpur	Sialkot
Gojra	Ludhiana	Simla
Hafizabad	Meerut City.	Srinagar

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THE MIDLAND BANK, LTD.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent. from January to June and 2½ per cent. from July to December, at Bombay on a minimum daily balance of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.—Sums as low as Rs. 10 received and interest allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum.

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CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected and discounted.

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75,000 Shares of Rs. 500 each Fully paid ..... Rs. 3,75,00,000
150,000 Shares of Rs. 500 each Rs. 125 paid ... Rs. 1,87,50,000
Rs. 5,62,50,000

RESERVE FUND ..... Rs. 4,77,50,000
RESERVE LIABILITY of Shareholders ..... Rs. 5,62,50,000

MANAGING GOVERNORS:
SIR NORCOT WARREN, K.C.I.E.,
W. LAMB (Offg.).
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LONDON OFFICE:
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MANAGER:
Sir SIDNEY SITWELL.
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Agra	Karachi
Ahmedabad	Kasur
Ahmedabad City	Katni
Ahmednagar	Lahore
Ajmer	Larkana
Akola	Lucknow
Akyab	Ludhiana
Aligarh (Pay Office)	Lyallpur
Allahabad	Madras (Mount Road)
Alleppey	Madura
Ambala City	Mandalay
Ambala Cantonment (Sub-Agency)	Mandalay City (Pay Office)
Amraoti	Mangalore
Amritsar	Masulipatam
Bangalore	Meerut
Bareilly	Meerut City (Pay Office)
Bassein	Mirzapore
Bellary	Montgomery
Benares	Moulmein
Berhampore	Mooltan
Bezwada	Moradabad
Bhopal	Murree
Bombay (Byculla)	Mussoorie
Bombay (Grandvi)	Muzaffarpur
Bombay (Sandhurst Road)	Muzaffarnagar
Broach	Muttra
Bulandshahr	Myingyan
Calcutta (Clive Street)	Mymensingh
Calcutta (Burra Bazaar)	Nadiad
Calcutta (Park Street)	Nandyal
Calicut	Nagpore
Cawnpore	Nainital
Chandausi (Pay Office)	Narayangunge
Chittagong	Nasik
Chandpore	Negapatam
Coconada	Nellore
Cochin	Nowshera
Coimbatore	Ootacamund
Colombo	Parbhani (Sub-Agency)
Conjeeviram (Out Station)	Patna
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Cuddapah	Peshawar City (Sub-Agency)
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Dacca	Poona City
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Dalhousie	Rajkot (Kathiawar)
Dhanbad	Raipur
Dhulia	Rangoon
Dibrugarh	Rangpur
Erode	Rawalpindi
Ellore	Rawalpindi City (Pay Office)
Etawah	Saharanpur
Ferozepore	Salem
Farrukhabad	Sargodha
Fyzabad	Secunderabad (Sub-Agency)
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Gorakhpur	Sholapur
Godhra	Sialkot
Gujranwala	Simla
Guntur	Srinagar
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Hathras	Tellicherry
Hubli	Thana
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Indore	Trichinopoly
Jaipur	Trivandrum
Jalgaon (East Khandesh)	Tuticorin
Jalpaiguri	Ujjain
Jamshedpur	Vellore
Jharia (Sub-Agency)	Viramgam
Jubbulpore	Vizianagram
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Khandwa	

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FIXED DEPOSITS—Received at Interest.
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A reversionary BONUS OF Rs. 75/- per thousand for the quinquennium and a brilliant forecast for the future.
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MANAGED BY INDIANS
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It kills and cures all
ACHES AND PAINS.

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A R1647

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A 23704.

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A.

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A 23877

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C R1646

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C 23831

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C R1618

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F R1489

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LOANS—Up to Rupees Fifty Thousand on substantial security. Apply Box No. 941, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
R 23871

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS

ELECTRIC THERMAC RUSSIAN BATH Thousands enjoy it daily and pronounce it "A Blessing to Humanity". It is drugless sovereign remedy for all ailments. Open 9 to 9, 199, Hornby Road, opp. Taraporevalla.
T R1652

ODDMENTS AT HALF SALE PRICES TO-DAY.

1 ONLY JUTE CARPETS in grounds of Rose, Grey and Blue with pretty designs in colours to tone. Sizes:—

	9 x 9	12 [illegible] 9 feet.
Usual price	49/8	each.
Sale price	35/8	each.
To-day	17/12	32/8 each.

CARPET FRINGE.—All wool carpet fringe, in the following colours,—Green, Gold, Brown, Rose and Crimson. Usual price Rs. 1/8. Sale price Re. 1. TO-DAY Ans. 8 yard.

12 ONLY MOONJ MATS.—Natural colour centre with green borders. Size 36 x 72in. Usual price Rs. 5/12 each. Sale price Rs. 4/10 each. TO-DAY Rs. 2/5 each.

EVANS, FRASER & CO., BOMBAY.

ODDMENTS AT HALF SALE PRICES TO-DAY.

STAIR LINOLEUM.—In green and brown with Grecian Key border. Slightly perished.

Width:	27in.	36in.
Usual price	4/8	7/8 yard.
Sale	1/8	1/12 yard.
TO-DAY	Ans. 12	Ans. 14 yard.

RADIO POLISHING CLOTHS.—Yellow and Green only. Usual price Ans. 5. Sale price Ans. 4. TO-DAY Ans. 2.

FANCY BATH MATS.—Pretty designs size 23 x 39 inches. Usual price Rs. 11/8. Sale price Rs. 10. TO-DAY Rs. 5 each.

ODDMENTS in FANCY LINENS. All at half the Sale price.

MOSQUITO	NETS.—Slightly soiled.	
Sizes:—	3x2x5	4½x2½x4½ 6¾x3x4½ft.
Sale price	9/12	10/4 10/14
TO-DAY	4/14	5/2 5/7

EVANS, FRASER & CO., BOMBAY.

ODDMENTS AT HALF SALE PRICES TO-DAY.

ODDMENTS in SHAVING MIRRORS. SHOP SOILED.
Usual price Rs. 10/8. Sale price Rs. 6. TO-DAY Rs. 3.

ODDMENTS IN CRETONNE COVERED FANCY ARTICLES for various uses. One item is Glove or Tie Boxes. Usual price Rs 5/15 Sale price Rs. 2. TO-DAY Rs. 1/-.

Remaining stock of VICARS CREPE SPUN ARTIFICIAL SPUN SILK for Jumpers, in 4 ounce hanks. Usual price Rs. 3/15. Sale price Re. 1/15. TO-DAY Ans. 15½.

REMAINING STOCK OF ABERDEEN FINGERING WOOL. Usual price Rs. 13/8. Sale price Rs. 7/12. TO-DAY Rs. 3/14 lb.

Remaining stock of PERI LUSTA CONVENT COTTON for embroidery. Ecru-Gold-and Brown only. Usual price Rs. 1/12. Sale price Ans. 10, TO-DAY Ans. 5 dozen skein.

BONE HANDLED CROCHET HOOKS in all size. Soiled. Usual price Rs. 2/2. Sale price Ans. 12. TO-DAY Ans. 6 dozen.

EVANS, FRASER & CO., BOMBAY.

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

ODDMENTS AT HALF SALE PRICES TO-DAY.

60 PAIRS CHILDRENS' PLAIN BLACK LISLE HOSE, size 6" and 6½" only. Usual price Rs. 2/4. Sale Price Rs. 1/2 TO-DAY Ans. 9 per pair

LADIES INDIA GAUZE VESTS. Low necks and short sleeves. Slender and Medium sizes only. Slightly shopsoiled. Usual price Rs. 3/14. Sale Price Rs. 1/15 TO-DAY Ans. -/15/6 each.

LADIES RIBBED COTTON COMBINATIONS. Low necks, no sleeves. Medium size only. Usual price Rs. 5/8. Sale Price Rs. 2-8.

SLIGHTLY SHOPSOILED. TO-DAY Rs. 1-4 pair.

LADIES INDIA GAUZE COMBINATIONS. Low neck and short sleeves, also no sleeves. Slightly Shopsoiled. Usual price Rs. 5/15. Sale Price Rs. 2/8 TO-DAY Rs. 1/4 pair.

LADIES TAN LISLE THREAD HOSE. Sizes 8½, 9 and 9½ only. Usual price Rs. 2/4. Sale price Rs. 1/2. TO-DAY Ans. 9.

LADIES GREY LISLE THREAD HOSE. In all size. Usual price Rs. 2/12. Sale price Re. 1. TO-DAY Ans. 8.

EVANS, FRASER & CO., BOMBAY.

ODDMENTS AT HALF SALE PRICES TO-DAY.

LADIES SUPERFINE FRENCH SILK HOSE in black, Toney Red. Sizes 8 and 9 only. Usual price Rs. 9/8. Sale price 4/12. TO-DAY Rs. 2/6 pair.

LADIES' SUPERIOR QUALITY FRENCH SILK HOSE, embroidered silk clox in Black and Toney Red only. Size 8 and 9 inches. Usual price Rs. 21-8 and 18/12. Sale Price 7/8. TO-DAY Rs. 3/12.

A Basket of kiddies BLACK AND TAN SOCKS. Small sizes only. Sale price Ans. 8. TO-DAY Ans 4 pair.

A Basket of SOILED LADIES GLOVES in Fabric and Skin. Sale price Ans. 8. TO-DAY Ans. 4 pair.

—REMNANTS OF LACES, Embroideries and Ribbons. TO-DAY only Half Marked Sale prices.

LADIES BELTS. Sale price Ans. 8. TO-DAY Ans. 4 each.

EVANS, FRASER & CO., BOMBAY.

ODDMENTS AT HALF SALE PRICES TO-DAY.

LADIES DRESS GIRDLES. Sale price Re. 1. TO-DAY Ans. 8 each.

MARABOUT FEATHER TRIMMINGS in black, brown, pink, sky and grey. Usual price Re. 1/4. Sale price Ans 10. TO-DAY Ans. 5 yard.

COLGATES FACE POWDER in white only. Usual price Rs. 1/15. Sale price Re. 1. TO-DAY Ans. 8 box.

WATERPROOF TOILET TIDIES or HOLDALLS. Usual price Rs. 4/12. Sale price Rs. 1/8. TO-DAY Ans. 12 each.

BLACK AND WHITE CHECK SPONGE BAGS. Usual price Rs. 1/4 to 2/8. Sale price Ans. 8. TO-DAY Ans. 4.

EVANS, FRASER & CO., BOMBAY.

ODDMENTS AT HALF SALE PRICES TO-DAY.

A COLLECTION OF SOAPS, POWDERS, SCENTS, COLOGNES and LAVENDER WATERS, all to be cleared at HALF THE MARKED SALE PRICE.

REMNANTS OF WOOL COTTON and SILK DRESS FABRICS, all to be cleared at HALF THE MARKED SALE PRICE.

60 YARDS SUPERIOR QUALITY HEATHER MIXTURE TWEED 54" wide. Usual price Rs. 8/14. Sale price Rs. 2/15 TO-DAY Rs. 1/7/6 per yard.

RICH FRENCH SATIN GRENADINE in Sky, Pink, Navy and Purple, 38" wide slight damp spotted. Usual price Rs. 12/15. Sale price Rs. 4-15. TO-DAY Rs. 2/8 yard.

EVANS, FRASER & CO., BOMBAY.

ODDMENTS AT HALF SALE PRICES TO-DAY.

LADIES CEYLON HATS, PANAMAS, FLOWERS FEATHERS. TO-DAY Ans. 8.

ODDMENTS in Millinery Flowers. TO-DAY Ans. 4.

MODEL HATS, Sale price Rs. 5. TO-DAY Rs. 2/8.

FELT SUEDE AND WATERPROOF HATS, Sale price Rs. 5. TO-DAY Rs. 2/8.

LADIES SMART HATS, Sale price Rs. 10. TO-DAY Rs. 5.

EVANS, FRASER & CO., BOMBAY.

ODDMENTS AT HALF SALE PRICES TO-DAY.

GIRLS WATERPROOFS TO-DAY Rs. 2/8.

CHILDRENS HATS. Usual price Rs 9/15. Sale price Rs. 3/15. TO-DAY Rs. 2.

CHILDRENS NAVY AND WHITE STRIPE TUNICS Usual price. Rs. 4/8 and Rs. 7/8. Sale Price Rs. 2/8. TO-DAY Rs. 1/4

ODDMENTS in GIRLS TRIMMED HATS. Sale Price Rs. 5. TO-DAY Rs. 2.

BOYS BOW TIES, 1 anna each.

BRACES at Annas 2 each and Annas 6.

CHILDRENS STRIPED PINAFORES. Usual Price Rs. 1/12 to Rs. 3/8. TO-DAY Re. 1.

EVANS, FRASER & CO., BOMBAY.

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

ODDMENTS AT HALF SALE PRICES TO-DAY.

CHILDRENS BLUE AND WHITE STRIPED DRESSES. Usual Price Rs. 1/8 to Rs. 5/15. TO-DAY Ans. 12.

CHILDRENS STRIPED ROMPERS. Usual Price Rs. 3/15. Sale Price Rs. 2-15. TO-DAY Re. 1/8.

CHILDRENS SPOT DESIGN ROMPERS. Usual price Rs. 3/15 & Rs. 5/15. TO-DAY Rs. 1/15.

CHILDRENS WATERPROOF PADDLERS. Shop-soiled. Usual price Rs. 4/4. Sale price Rs. 2/2. TO-DAY Re. 1.

ODDMENTS IN CHILDRENS WHITE DRESSES. TO-DAY Re. 1.

ODDMENTS IN INFANTS ROBES. Sale Price Rs. 3 and Rs. 5. TO-DAY Rs. 2.

EVANS, FRASER & CO., BOMBAY.

ODDMENTS AT HALF SALE PRICES TO-DAY.

LARGE SKEINS OF BROWN COTTON MENDING. Usual Price Rs. 2/2. Sale Price Ans. 12. TO-DAY Ans. 6 dozen.

METAL BOXES OF HAIRPINS. Soiled containing 60 assorted Black Hair pins. Usual price Ans. 10½. Sale price Ans. 6 TO-DAY Ans. 3 per box.

LEAD WEIGHTED TAPE for Purdahs, etc. Black or White. Usual price Ans. 6, Sale price Ans. 4. TO-DAY Ans. 2 per yard

ROGERS CUTTING-OUT SCISSORS 8" long. Shop soiled. Usual price Rs. 5/8. Sale price Rs. 3/15 TO-DAY Rs. 1/15/6 each.

WHITE METAL CIGARETTE CASES. Usual price Rs. 2/12, Sale price Rs 1/8. TO-DAY Ans. 12 each.

CARD BOXES OF HAIR PINS, containing 2½ dozen Black Hairpins. Usual price Ans. 4. Sale price Ans 2. TO-DAY Anna 1 per box.

EVANS, FRASER & CO., BOMBAY.

ODDMENTS AT HALF SALE PRICES TO-DAY.

DEANS TAPE MEASURES. Usual price Ans. 4, Sale price Ans. 2. TO-DAY Anna 1 each.

ODDMENTS in SHOP-SOILED TOYS. An assortment at ¼ of last Sale price.

4 only Small JEWEL BOXES. Usual price Rs. 9/8. Sale price Rs. 3/12 TO-DAY Rs 1/14 each.

2 only LADIES FITTED WORK BASKETS SHOP-SOILED. Usual price Rs. 21/8. Sale price Rs. 7/8 TO-DAY Rs. 3/12 each

ODDMENTS in SHOP SOILED STATIONERY. An asortment at ½ of last Sale price.

EVANS, FRASER & CO., BOMBAY.

ODDMENTS AT HALF SALE PRICES TO-DAY.

MEN'S ALL LEATHER BELTS. Usual price Rs. 2/12, Sale price Ans. 12. TO-DAY Ans 6.

MEN'S CASHMERE SOCKS Usual price Rs. 2/8, Sale price Rs. 1/4. TO-DAY Ans. 10.

MEN'S WIDE END TIES. Large variety Usual price Rs. 1/15. Sale price Re. 1. TO-DAY Ans. 8.

SWINGING RAZORS STROPS. Perfect and good quality. Usual price Rs. 2/12. Sale price Rs. 1/8 TO-DAY Ans. 12.

Assortment of good quality Razors by Rodgers and Allen, Sheffield make. Usual price Rs. 3/15, Sale price Rs. 1/8 TO-DAY Ans. 12.

EVANS, FRASER & CO., BOMBAY.

ODDMENTS AT HALF SALE PRICES TO-DAY.

MEN'S TWEED CAPS, assorted patterns, sizes 6⅞ to 7 1/8. Usual price Rs. 2/15. Sale price Rs. 1/12. TO-DAY Ans. 14 each.

KHAKI WOOLLEN MILITARY SHIRTS, neck Bands, sizes 14½ to 15½. Usual price Rs. 15/8. Sale price Rs. 9/8 TO-DAY 4/12.

KHAKI WOOLLEN COLLARS to match above all sizes. Usual price Rs. 1/4 each. Sale price As. 10 TO-DAY Ans. 5.

GENTS CLUB STRIPED TIES. Usual price Rs. 2/8. Sale price Rs. 1/8. TO-DAY Re. 1 each.

EVANS, FRASER & CO., BOMBAY.

ODDMENTS AT HALF SALE PRICES TO-DAY.

AN assortment of LADIES WHITE CANVAS SHOES. Usual price Rs. 12/8. Sale price Rs. 5. TO-DAY Rs. 2/8.

LADIES BLACK and BROWN ASSORTED STYLE SHOES. To be cleared. Usual price Rs. 25/8, Sale price Rs. 13/12 TO-DAY Rs. 7/8.

LADIES TAN, GREY, WHITE assorted SHOES in smart shapes. Usual price Rs. 35, Sale price Rs. 17/8. TO-DAY Rs. 10 pair.

EVANS, FRASER & CO., BOMBAY.

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

ODDMENTS AT HALF SALE PRICES TO-DAY.

RIPPLE CLOTH DRESSING JACKETS. Usual price Rs. 13/8. Sale price Rs. 3/15. TO-DAY Rs. 2

HAND EMBROIDERED CAMISOLES. Usual price Rs. 6/12, Sale price Rs 1/12. TO-DAY Ans 14.

HAND EMBROIDERED CHEMISES Usual price Rs. 8/12, Sale price Rs. 2/12 TO-DAY Rs. 1/6.

ROYAL WORCESTER CORSETS Sizes from 19 to 26. Usual price Rs. 13/12 to Rs. 38. TO-DAY Rs. 7/8.

LADIES SERGE or TWEED COSTUMES, Medium size only. Usual price Rs. 55. Sale price Rs 15. TO-DAY Rs. 7/8.

LADIES SKIRTS IN TWEED SERGE OR GABARDINE. Usual price Rs. 25/8, Rs. 23/8 Rs. 21/8. Sale price Rs. 10. TO-DAY Rs. 5.

COTTON DRESSES in Voile, Sponge, Zephyr Crepe. Sale price Rs. 21/12, 19, 10, 8/8. TO-DAY Rs. 5 and Rs. 10.

LADIES BLOUSES IN LAWN, TWILL FLANNEL LUVISCA. Sale Prices Rs. 2/4 and Rs. 2/15. TO-DAY Rs. 1/2 and Rs. 1/8.

EVANS, FRASER & CO., BOMBAY.

AUCTION SALES.

BENNETT & CO.

120, Apollo Street, Fort

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTIES AT BHAVANIPETH POONA.

Under instructions from N. H. Moos, Esquire the Receiver appointed in suit No. 5064 of 1923 (Motibai D. N. Vakil and Ors. vs. Dara Cawasjee), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will on SUNDAY, the 13th September, next at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises the undermentioned properties:—

LOT NO. I.—All that piece of gauthan land, situate at Bhakani Peth in the Town of Poona together with the bungalow, outhouses and stables thereon in the registration Sub-District of Naveli bearing Survey No. 388 and registered in the New City Survey Sheet No 61 admeasuring about 1846 square yards and bounded on the North by the bungalow of Sir Dinshaw Manockji Petit on the South by the new building of Dara Cawasji on Government land on the East by the road leading towards the Transport Lines Road and on or towards the West by Government ground.

LOT NO. II.—All that piece of land situate at Manjuary in the Bhavani Peth in the City of Poona together with outhouses and stables and open garden space with Toddy and other trees thereon in the registration sub-district of Haveli admeasuring about 3 acres and 29 Gunthas bearing Old Survey No. 493 and New Survey No. 713 and bounded on the North by the Public Road on the South by field belonging to Mahadeo Malee on the East by other property of Dara Cawasji No. 2390 in the Cantonment of Poona and on the West by the Public Road.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Wadia Ghandy and Co., Solicitors for the Receiver or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT GRANT ROAD.

The undersigned will, on THURSDAY, the 27th instant 1925, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell the undermentioned property by Public Auction on the premises under instructions of the mortgagees and on account and at the risk of Valimahomed Ladak, the mortgager, in exercise of the power of sale reserved to the said mortgagees under an Indenture of Mortgage, dated the 1st day of November, 1911, and made between the said mortgagor and another of the one part and the mortgagees of the other part and also under the Deed of Further Charge dated the 4th day of April, 1923, and made between the said mortgagor of the one part and the said mortgagees of the other part.

All that piece of Foras freehold land together with the messuages, tenements and dwelling houses standing thereon on the South side of Grant Road, admeasuring about 4,500 square yards and registered under Collector's Old No. 546, 546, New No. 14099, Old Survey No. 4 and New Survey No. 1/5593 and 2/5596 bearing Cadastral No. 942, 949, and a portion of 948, Girgaum Division, and bounded on the East by the property of Gulam Mahomed Sha Mahomed Patel and another, on the West by the property of Pallonji Pestonji Cooper, on the North by the Grant Road and on the South partly by propedty of Manchasha Dorabji Cooper, partly the property of Adamji Jiwa and partly by the proerty of Abdulla Miya Khandwani and which said messuages or tenements are assessed by the Municipality under D Ward Nos. 2371, 2372, 2373 and 2374 and Street Nos. 238, 240, 242, 1, 244 to 246.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned or to Messrs. Matubhai Jamietram and Madan, Attorneys for the mortgagees.

BENNETT & CO.

BYREN & CO.

By the order of Messrs. E. Spinner and Co. at their Godown at Tamarind Lane, Fort.

AUCTION SALE on Thursday 26th inst. at 3 p.m. of one Electric Elavator for lifting cotton bales in perfect order with Motor and Accessories. English make. Two Suction Gun Metal pumping sets brands new. All open to view.

BYREN & CO., Auctioneers.

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LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

TICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. VADILAL HURGOWANDAS has l to sell to our client the under- ned property. Any person or per- having any right, title, interest, claim mand to in or upon the said pro- by way of sale, gift, trust, mort- lease, lien or otherwise howsoever are required to make the same known riting to the undersigned at their Esmail Building, Hornby Road, Bombay, and to the Collector of Bom- and the Collector of Assessment, ipality, within 14 days from the hereof, otherwise the sale will be com- after the expiration of the said without regard to any such claim will thereafter be considered as hav- en waived and void.

RIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

that piece or parcel of Government or ground of quit and ground rent together with the messuage tene- or dwelling house standing thereon lying and being on the East side Khetwadi 4th Street, without the f Bombay, in the Registration Sub- t of Bombay and assessed by the or of Land Revenue under Old 816 and 2816, New No. 9802 and urvey Nos. 716 and 717 and New No. 5421 and assessed by the or of Municipal Taxes under D No. 1911, Street No. 51 and con- by admeasurement 181 square r thereabouts and bounded as follows to say:—On or towards the East property formerly of Bapooji now ndrao, on or towards the West by d Khetwadi 4th Street, on or to- the North by Sweepers passage form- rt of the premises hereby granted n or towards the South by a Sweep- ssage and the ground floor of the remises was formerly and is now in upation of the Vendors tenants and per floors thereof are now in the ion of the vendor.

d this 15th day of August, 1925.

TYABJI DAYABHAI & CO.
Purchaser's Attorneys.

C23874

NOTICE.

LOST OR MISLAID.

CE IS HEREBY GIVEN on be- alf of our clients KAKALBHAI ERBHAI VAKIL and MANILAL GANLAL BAXI, that an Indenture tgage, dated the 24th day of Octo- 24, and made between Sarabhai hai of the one part and Kakalbhai bhai Vakil and Manilal Chhaganlal f the other part and which relate properties mortgaged to our clients at Daryapur, Ahmedabad near r Darwaja in North Dascroi Talu- trict Ahmedabad bearing Number d Survey Numbers 394 B, 436 B, 8 B. and 234 A. has been either or misplaced. The public is warn- to deal with the said document and rson doing so or making wrongful the same will do so at his own

d this 15th day of August, 1925.

PURNANAND CLUBWALLA & JASUBHAI.
Attorneys.

3, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay.

C23875

E HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

ORGE V, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and d and of the British Dominions beyond eas, King, Defender of the Faith, Em- of India.

n for Letters of Admi- tration of the property and dits (estate and effects) of KAMLABAI, wife of rjiwandas Tribhuwandas hal, of Bombay, Hindu In- bitant, residing at Kumbhar kda, outside the Fort of mbay ..... Deceased.

IWANDAS TRIBHUWAN- S DALAL, of Bombay In- bitant, a Share and Stock ker, residing at Kumbhar kda, without the Fort, the band and Sole heir of the ceased abovenamed ..... Petitioner.

persons claiming to have any in- in the Estate of the abovenamed sed are hereby cited to come and see Proceedings, if they think fit, before Grant of Letters of Administration.

ness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN LEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bom- foresaid, this Fifth day of August e year of our Lord One thousand hundred and Twenty-five and in the nth year of our Reign.

al of the igh Court Bombay.

P. B. MALABARI, Registrar.

(Sd.) E. J. DAVAR.

5th day of August, 1925.

(Sd.) BHIMJI and Co.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

C23879

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

(Suit No. 2258 of 1925)

CHHAGANLAL KAKALBHAI, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Lohar Chawl, outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Plaintiff.

vs.

JANI GIRJASHANKAR MAHASHANKAR, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, lately residing at Lohar Chawl, outside the Fort, his present whereabouts being unknown. ... Defendant.

To,

JANI GIRJASHANKAR MAHASHANKAR.

The Defendant abovenamed.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the Plaintiff abovenamed has filed the above suit to recover from you the sum of Rs. 16,000 interest and costs and that the hearing of the above suit is fixed on the 15th day of September, 1925, at 11-15 a.m. (S.T.) in the forenoon when you are Summoned to appear in the above Court with your witnesses and documents of evidence in person, or by an Advocate duly instructed by an attorney of this Hon'ble Court, and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit and you are further requested TO TAKE NOTICE that in default of your appearance on the date abovementioned the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Dated this 6th day of August 1925.

SHAH & CO.,
Plaintiffs Attorneys.

C23876

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 974 of 1924.

RAMITA IJSBOA DE SOUZA GUIDO and ors. ..... Plaintiffs.

vs.

AUDITHRAO WAGHOJI RAJE SHIRKEE and ors. ..... Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Decretal order of Reference made in the above suit and bearing date the 27th day of August, 1924, the following property will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Hon'ble Court at his Office in the Court House on MONDAY, the 17th day of August, 1925, at the hour of five o'clock in the afternoon (Standard Time).

PARTICULARS.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground, admeasuring 125 square yards or thereabouts together with the messuage tenement and dwelling house standing thereon and also in all the messuage tenement or dwelling house, consisting of three floors built over the land and building adjoining the said piece or parcel of land and belonging to the Agiary of the late Cursetji Manekji but with the exception of the following rooms namely two rooms on the first floor, admeasuring 26.2/9 and 18.2/3 square yards respectively and one loft, consisting of two rooms Nos. 1 and 2 situate between the ground and first floor and together admeasuring 51 square yards and forming part of the premises belonging to the said Agiary, all of which piece or parcel of land is situated in the Registration Sub-Districts of Bombay and containing by admeasurement 502 square yards or thereabouts including the land, belonging to the said Agiary and admeasuring 377 square yards or thereabouts in Fort Division and is assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No 52, New No. 422 Old Survey No. 662, 671, 695, 699 and New Survey No. 2/8887, 2/8888 and 2/8889 and bearing Cadastral Nos. 895 and 895 and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Assessment under "A" Ward No. 2341 and Street Nos. 39, 41, 43 and is bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the North by the property of Peerozbai daughter of the late Sir Jamsetji Jijibhoy first Baronet, on or towards the east partly by a gully and partly by the house of the said Peerozbai and on or towards the west partly by Hornby Road and partly by Raghunath Dadaji street and on or towards the South by the Old Police Court Lane.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs Andrade and Cunha, Attorneys for the Plaintiffs abovenamed at Oak Lane, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 1st day of July, 1925.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Ag. Commissioner

C23724

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

WANTED—TENDERS for digging and removing earth, etc., from Plot No. 4, situate on the West Side of the New China Mills at Sewree For particulars apply to the NEW CHINA MILLS, LTD., 265, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

R1637

PUBLIC NOTICES

KATNI
"CASTLE" BRAND
AND
JUBBULPORE
"LOTUS" BRAND
Portland Cements
ALSO
KATNI
FIRE BRICKS
FIRE CLAY,
BOILER SEATING BLOCKS
FLUE COVERS
All available for
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY EX-
BOMBAY STOCK.
THE KATNI CEMENT AND INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.
THE JUBBULPORE PORTLAND CEMENT CO., LTD.
C. MACDONALD & CO.,
AGENTS
Laxmi Building, Ballard Road, Fort BOMBAY.
Tel. No. 20418.

THE MYSORE SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING CO. LTD.

NOTICE

THE THIRTY-SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Mysore Spinning and Manufacturing Company, Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Henshaw's Building, 9, Bank Street, Fort, Bombay, on MONDAY, the 31st August, 1925, at 3-30 p.m. (Standard Time), for the purpose of transacting the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance Sheet for the year ended 28th February, 1925.
2. To declare a Dividend.
3. To appoint two Directors in place of Mr. A. J. Raymond and Mr. P. S. Mellor, retiring by rotation, and who, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
5. To transact any other business the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 24th August, 1925, to 3rd September, 1925, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,
N. SIRUR & CO.,
Agents.

Bombay, 30th July, 1925.

N.B.—The Dividend, when declared, will be made payable at the Registered Office of the Company on and after THURSDAY, the 3rd September, 1925, between 12 noon and 3 p.m., on week days other than Saturdays, and between 12 noon and 1-30 p.m., on Saturdays on production of the Share Certificates, to Shareholders, whose names stand on the Register of members on the 23rd August, 1925.

C23798

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr JAMNADAS PURSHOTTAM, of Bombay Inhabitant, has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 11. Ash Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without referene to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of unsurveyed Khoti land with the messuage tenements and buildings standing thereon, situate lying and being at Malad in the Sub-District of Bandra, in the Bombay Suburban District, admeasuring 1174½ square yards or thereabouts forming part of the field known as Marwadi No. 17 and the present notified area committee No. 17 and bounded, on or towards the East by the property of Karsondas Harkussondas in or towards the West and South by the property of Shivdas Mulchand, on or towards the North by the Road.

Dated this 14th day of August, 1925.

N. C. DALAL and Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

C23878

AMUSEMENTS

HAROLD LLOYD
IN
DR. JACK
ANNOUNCES
HIS THIRD WEEK'S
"NATURE REMEDY CURE."
FOR HEALTH AND HAPPINESS VISIT HIM THIS WEEK.
PATHE PICTORIAL No. 12.
"TAKE THE AIR"
(PAUL PARROTT).
PATHE GAZETTE.
TIME:—6, 8 and 10 P. M.
POPULAR PRICES.
PATHE' CINEMA
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

ONE WEEK MORE ONE WEEK MORE
THE PROPRIETOR OF
KRISHNA CINEMA
DUBASH THEATRE,
New Charney Road
are forced to run for another Week
LALAN VANZARI
THE SPLENDID PRODUCTION OF
KRISHNA FILMS Co.,
Public of Bombay can judge for themselves of the popularity of this film by the forced re-screening.

AUCTION SALES.

MEHTA & CO.

AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT AND G. I. P. RAILWAY.
119, Medows Street. Fort, Bombay.
Telephone No. 21285.

AUCTION SALE OF 502 BAGS WHITE JAVA SUGAR.

TO-MORROW TUESDAY, the 18th inst. at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. MEHTA AND CO., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction at the Khand Bazar at the shop of Messrs. Ruttonji Khimji and Co. by order of Messrs. Strauss Co., Ltd. and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Mehomed Salem Sadkovi:—

EX. S. S. PASHA.

502 Bags White Java Sugar about 50 tons.

MEHTA & CO.,
Auctioneers.

MENESSE & CO.

GREAT WESTERN BUILDING, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 17th August, 1925, at 3 p.m. the materials for removal of the following buildings:—

Building St. No. 38-42, 43A, 44, 49, 50, Case No. 1, Tank Pakhady Street (Ripon Road).

Building Street No 635, Case No. 410, Sewree Cross Road.

MENESSE & CO.

BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
For further particulars apply to the
DISTRIBUTING AGENT
for
H. E. H. NIZAM'S DOMINIONS
B. V. MUTHANNA, B. Com,
Ramakrishna Stores,
Market Street, SECUNDERABAD.

HIGH COURT.

A RAO BAHADUR DEFAMED

RESPECTABLE PERSONS CONVICTED.

ECHO OF COUNCIL ELECTIONS.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Fawcett and Mr. Justice Mudgaonker on the appellate side of the High Court disposed of the appeal prefered by one Basakvanappa, a cotton factory owner and an Honourary Magistrate of Bail Hongal, in Belgaum District and Basangowda Shivrudrappa a member of the local board of the same town, against the decision of the Sessions Judge of Belgaum who convicted them of defamation and sentenced each of them to one day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 500, in default three months' simple imprisonment.

It was alleged by the prosecution that the accused made imputations against Rao Bahadur Malli Naik, Patil of Bail Hongal to the effect that he made his servant Parappa to shoot one Tukaram for his refusal to give his vote to a candidate whom the Rao Bahadur was supporting. The voting was in connection with the elections for the Bombay Legislative Council that took place in Belgaum District in November 1923. The Rao Bahadur and the accused were supporting rival candidates. The incident occurred on 30th October 1923 while the electioneering campaign was going on. The Rao Bahadur had gone to the village of Okkund to canvass votes for his candidate, and while his servant Parappa was going along the road, a loaded pistol which he was carrying went off injuring one Tukaram, a resident of the village. As a consequence, Parappa was prosecuted and fined. A complainant was also filed against the Rao Bahadur, but the police after investigations found that he was not concerned in the firing and so the complaint was withdrawn. The two accused nevertheless went off to Belgaum and informed their candidate Mr. Dalvi and Rao Saheb Jagdale, Deputy Superintendent of Police, that the Rao Bahadur in order to intimidate the voters had caused Tukaram to be shot. The Rao Bahadur, thereupon, called on the accused to apologise, but they refused.

Their Lordships in dismissing the appeal observed that the defence of the accused that they acted in good faith in giving information to the Dy. Supdt. of Police could not be sustained, as they had failed to prove that they had exercised due care and attention to verify the rumour of so serious an offence as this. Their Lordships, therefore, did not wish to interfere with the order of the lower Court.

A SERGEANT ACQUITTED.

MAGISTRATE'S STRICTURES ON PROSECUTION EVIDENCE.

Mr. I. N. Mehta at the Dadar Police Court delivered judgment in the case in which Sergeant Raymond of the King's way Police Station was charged at the instance of Jala Miran with trespass, mischief and criminal intimidation on the 20th May, last. The facts of this case, as alleged by the prosecution have already been reported in these columns. The complainant was employed in the shop of one Abdul Hussein at Matunga and he alleged that Sergeant Raymond had come to his shop at 11 p.m. on the 20th May in his master's absence and demanded an umbrella. This being refused it was alleged the sergeant picked up some papers and after tearing a cash memo book he threw it down in the shop and threatened the complainant that he would see as to how he carried his business.

The defence of the accused was that he went to make enquiries whether any gambling in "satta" was going on. He denied all the allegations and pleaded not guilty.

His Worship in a lengthy judgment observed that the evidence clearly showed that Abdul Hussain was carrying on umbrella business on a small scale and gambling in American Futures "Ank" and "Farak" was usually carried on under the cover of some business on a small scale and in secret. Further, his Worship remarked, the fact that Abdul Hussein, the owner of the shop, had found it necessary to see Inspector Holmes in his private quarters, clearly showed that some thing had happened to make him nervous, as it was unusual for a stranger, as the Inspector had stated in his evidence, to dare approach a Police Inspector in his private quarters. Complainants in such cases of non-cognizable nature went to the officer on station house duty to get their complaint recorded and they were referred to a magistrate. He (magistrate) had never heard of a complainant in a non-cognizable case seeing the inspector in his quarters. Because after the complaint is recorded he is referred to a magistrate. On the other hand it was difficult for a complainant to approach an Inspector of Police even if he wished to do so. If the complainant knew the Inspector personally he would first ask to be taken to the Inspector. Inspector Holmes had denied that he had known Abdul Hussein before. As Abdul Hussein was not called as a witness the accused had no opportunity to ask what made him go straight to the Inspector's place. On Sergeant Raymond's arrival at the police station his explanation was immediately asked for and that too was unusual. Complaints are filed against police officers and when they are non-cognizable offences the police officers do not go to the length of asking for an explanation until the matter is disposed of. In this case within half an hour of the complainant's complaint Inspector Holmes had asked for an explanation. These two things are unusual and it is probable that the Inspector had known Abdul Hussein before. His Worship at the end of his judgment characterised the evidence of the prosecution as of flimsy character and ordered the accused to be discharged.

ALLEGED CHEATING BY CEYLONESE.

At the Esplanade Police Court before Mr. S. S. Rangnekar, Chief Presidency Magistrate, on Saturday, Circle Inspector Heneman of Ootacamund placed Christy alias Kumarswamy Vincent and applied for a remand for ten days.

Inspector Heneman told the court that Kumarswamy was a notorious criminal of Ceylon and was permitted to leave the country on license. The accused was wanted at Ootacamund in connection with a case of cheating, involving Rs. 2,500. He was arrested on Friday noon in Bombay. When at Ooty the accused came in contact with one Sadashiv in April last, and introduced himself as the representative of the Bank of Baroda, a rich landlord and a planter. After staying for a week with him he took from Mudliar a gold watch worth Rs. 250 for repair which he did not return and was recovered from his person after his arrest in Bombay. About that time the accused also told Mudliar's brother Rajebar that Buick cars could be had in Bombay between Rs. 700 and Rs. 1,000. Rajebar gave the accused Rs. 2,500, but as no car was fortacoming Rajebar threatened him with prosecution and the accused replied that there was no stock of Buick cars in Bombay and wanted Rs. 5,750 for the purpose. The accused then sent to Rajebar a cheque on the Bank of Baroda for Rs. 2,500 on the 1st instant but it was dishonoured. The accused was arrested in Hotel Majestic on Friday with the help of Inspector Smith of the Bombay C.I.D.

Inspector Smith told the court that the accused was just out of jail after undergoing seven years' imprisonment.

His Worship ordered the accused to be enlarged on a bail of Rs. 5,000 with a security of like amount. The bail being not furnished accused was remanded in police custody.

Police enquiries in regard to Kumarswamy also showed that the accused was advertising in newspapers for some time past inviting applications from clerks and managers who could furnish securities.

MOTOR DRIVER SENTENCED.

At the Esplanade Police Court before Mr. P. H. P. Dastur, Inspector Guider charged Bhicaji Hanuman, a motor-driver with rash and negligent driving on the 2nd instant.

The facts of this case are already reported in these columns.

The accused was sentenced to four months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 100 or in default six weeks' further imprisonment. The license was suspended for six months.

JEWELLERY MISSING.

Mrs. J. K. Patel, residing on the second floor of Adenwalla Mansions, Chowpaty, reports to the police that a jewel case of hers containing five rings set with stones and a pearl necklace has been found missing. The value of the missing articles is Rs. 7,750 which is covered by insurance.

FINED FOR KEEPING A GAMING HOUSE.

At Dadar Police Court, before Mr. I. N. Mehta Inspector Karnick of the Bombay City Police charged Palton and 20 others with keeping a gaming house at Fergusson Road.

The accused pleaded guilty. Two of the accused, being young were discharged. Palton, the organizer of the gaming house was fined Rs. 150 and the rest of the accused Rs. 20.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

SIMLA, August 14.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT:—Mr. A. Marr resigns his seat in the Legislative Assembly. Mr. J. L. Mccallum also resigns his seat and Mr. R. S. Bajpai succeeds him. Mr. A. A. L. Parsons becomes member of the Council of State vice Mr. Ley resigned. Mr. E. G. L. Laird Macgregor becomes member of the Council of State vice Mr. Wild resigned. Field Marshall Sir William Birdwood becomes member of the Council of State. Sir Gordon Fraser resigns his seat on the Legislative Assembly and the Madras European constituency will elect his successor on or before the 15th September.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT:—Lt.-Col. J. McPherson will officiate as Residency Surgeon, Mysore vice Col. Standage on leave.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT:—Rev. J. B. Bradbury is appointed probationary chaplain on Labore establishment and Rev. A. J. Macdonald, on Madras establishment.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT:—Mr. G. C. Bocquet officiates as Traffic Manager, E. B. Railway vice Mr. Sparae on leave and Mr. H. T. Bayles officiates as Deputy Traffic Manager on the same line.—A. P.

80 CASES OF CHRONIC PILES CURED IN A WEEK with PYLSQUR Simply EXTERNAL application COOL AND SOOTHING. Big bottle Rs. 6. Sample bottle Re, 1.
THE HIGH SCHOOL BOOK STALL,
Pithapuram.

BOMBAY COTTON MARKET

BOMBAY MARKET.

COTTON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
15th August 1925.

After yesterday's sharp fall Reuter reported to-day 27 to 23 points up in New York futures. The market improved on short covering. Liverpool has been reported 15 points lower.

Messrs. Umrigar and Vesugar's New York friends Messrs. A. NORDEN and Co., cable under date 14th Inst. as under:—

"Rain not general. High temperature probable".

In accordance with a moderate advance reported in New York futures the Marwari Bazar opened a rupee higher at Rs. 464, for Broach July/August, and remained steady at this rate for the greater period during the session. Shroffs were moderate sellers and the market closed at Rs. 463 1/2 whilst April/May also opened a rupee higher at Rs. 422 1/2 and improved to Rs. 424 1/2 on Commission Houses and Shroffs buying and closed at Rs. 424 at 4 p.m. At Cotton Green the market opened at Rs. 423 1/2 and going up by half a rupee on buying by a Japan House closed at Rs. 423 1/2 at 6-30 p.m. on Bazar operators selling.

Oomra January opened at Rs. 410 advanced to Rs. 411 on buying by Commission Houses and closed at Rs. 410. Bengal January was nominally quoted Rs. 364.

Our market for ready cotton was steady yesterday with a fairly good inquiry for nice qualities from Exporters and mills and about 5,000 bales were reported to have been sold.

Our markets both for ready and forward at Marwadi Bazar and at Sewree will remain closed on Monday on account of Pachusan, a Jain Holiday and we will not issue our market report on that day.

COTTON.

COTTON GREEN CLOSING QUOTATION

Bombay, August 15.
6-30 p.m.

Fully Good Broach April/May 423½.
Fully Good Broach July/August 463½.
Fully Good Bengal Dec./Jan. 365.
Fine Oomra Dec.-Jan. 410.

READY APPROXIMATE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Aug. 15.

	Ready average quality.	Ready Fine
Bengal Superfine M.G.	.....	.....
Bengal Fine M.G.	.....	395/400
Bengal F.G.M.G.	375	.....
Sindh-Punjab Fine M.G.	.....	395/400
Sindh-Punjab	375	.....
Punjab-Americans M.G.	450/60	470
Wardha-Hinght Fine MG	410/420	460
Nagpur Fine M.G.	415/425	460
Yeotmal Fine M G.	400/410	440
Pulgaon Fine M.G.	415/420	440
Dhamangaon Fine M.G.	395/405	440
Amraoti Fine M.G.	380/90	420
Khamgaon-Akola Fine MG	380/90	.....
Mulkapur Fine M.G.	370/80	400/410
Khandesh Fine M.G.	355/60	400
Khandesh F.G.M.G.	.....	.....
Broach Fine M.G.	.....	465
Broach Fully Good M.G.	.....	455/60
Muthia Fine M.G.	.....	.....
Muthia F.G.M.G.	.....	.....
Dharwar S.G.	.....	450
Coompta M.G.	.....	450
Westerns M. G.	.....	415-425
Westerns H.G.	.....	.....
Miraj M.G.	.....	435/45
Dombodia M. G.	.....	485/95

RECEIPTS.

Bombay, August 15.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce, etc., for the 24 hours ending 6 p.m. on 14th August, 1925:—

Cotton 3274 bales.
Wheat 4801 cwts.
Linseed 742 cwts.
Rape, etc., 429 cwts.
Gingellyseed 941 cwts.
Poppyseed 111 cwts.
Groundnuts 2915 cwts.
Castorseed 1788 cwts.
Rice 27 cwts.
Myrabollams 257 cwts.
Cottonseed 1548 cwts.
Mowraseed nil.
Gram 1035 cwts.
Juwar 1256 cwts.
Masur nil.
Barley 553 cwts.
Bajri 1103 cwts.
Coal 1863 tons.

CABLE OF MESSRS. A NORDEN & CO.

Messrs. Ratilal and Co., Cotton, Brokers and Commission Agents received on Saturday the following cable from their New York friends Messrs. A. Norden and Co:—

New York dated 14th

"Tone of market improving. Rain is not general. High temperature is probable in Texas."

RUBBER.

London, Aug. 15

Para Up River Fine, Spot Sep/Oct. sellers 37/-.

Tone:—Dull.

Plantation First Latex Crepe, Spot Aug. value 40/-.

Tone:—Easier, lower on Eastern quotations and to slackness of American demand.

Ribbed Smoked Sheets Aug paid value 40/-.

London, Aug. 14.

Para Up River Fine, Spot September/October sellers 37.

Tone:—Dull.

Plantation First Latex Crepe, Spot August paid sellers 41.

Tone:—Irregular quieter after firm.

Ribbed smoked Prieta August paid sellers 41.

NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL QUOTATIONS.

MESSRS. PATEL BROTHERS' REPORT

13th Aug. 1925.

New York Market, 14th August.

Previous Close.	Delivery.	Last known prices in Liverpool.	Closing Prices.	Since previous Close.
23.24	Oct.	23.22—02	23.51	+27
23.02	Jan.		23.32	+26
23.33	Mar.		23.56	+23
23.63	May.		23.90	+27

New York Spot on 13th Aug. 23.50 —75; New Orleans 23.15 —.52

Telegraphic market advices:—Market advanced on short covering. October highest 23.54 (2.55 p.m.), lowest 23.16 (at the opening), range .38 points.

Liverpool Market, 14th August.

Previous Close.	Delivery.	Opening Prices.	Prices at 12 noon.	Closing Prices.	Since previous close.
12.45	Oct.	12.33—15	12.30—18½	12.33	—15
12.43	Jan.	12.29—14		12.28	—15
12.50	Mar.			12.35	—15
12.56	May.			12.41	—15
	Egyptian				
23.12	Nov.			22.00	—12
22.22	Jan.			22.15	—07

Telegraphic market advices:—(1) Cabled 10-10 a.m.: Light rains Oklahoma.

(2) United States Mills consumption July 484,000 bales (against 494,000 in June). Comparison with previous years. July 1925 484,000; 1924 347,000; 1923 462,000; 1922 459,000

(3) Cabled 3-20 p.m.: Based on next par figure of 232.2 present crop prospects point to next Agricultural Bureau Report indicating crop in excess of 14,000,000. Sentiment here bearish and trade outlook uncertain and look as though market would go lower.

(4) Cabled 5.20 p.m.: Trade fixing call sales. Our travelling man wires from Texas:—From North Texas to Central Oklahoma crops good, and prospects are for one bale to an acre.

American cross rate 4.85 27/32.

P. CHRYSTAL & CO.

DAILY COTTON REPORT.

Bombay, August 15

(Bombay Quotations at 2-30 p. m.)

Description.	Ready	1925 J/Aug.	1926 A/May
1924-1925 Crop			
Broach M.G.F.G.	—465/75	464 D/Jan	424
Oomra M.G. Fine	—420/30	410	
Bengal M. G. Fine	—335/400		
„ M. G. F. G.	—380/83	364	
Khandesh Black leaf	—380/400		
Khandwa-Sadavad	—390/415		
Jalna/Aurrangabad.	—385/410		
Harda	—385/435		
Ujjain	—385/430		
Parbhani Purna.	—395/425		
Nander.	—395/430		
Wardha/Warora.	—440/45		
Nagpur Katol	—445/50		
Adoni	—420/30		
Sindh/American	—485/495		
Sangli Miraj*	—425/35		
Bagalkot	—420/35		
Coompta*	—450/60		
Tirupur	—480/495		
Kadi Vramgam M.G.F.G.	—440/50		
Dhollera M.G.F.G.	—435/45		

* No demand.

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F. P. Bales		1925-26	1924-25
Receipts to date 14-8-25	—	88000	66000
„ Yesterday do	—	8000	15000
Exports to date do	—	88000	57000
Stock at Ports 7-8-25	—	181000	220000
„ Interior Towns. do	—	160000	149000
„ Liverpool do	—	559000	399000
Visible Supply 8-8-25	—	1047000	838000
Quantity in Sight do		76000	75000

Receipts at Bombay.

Yesterday.	1924-25	1923-24	1922-23
3274	3596001	3271295	3610452

Exports by rail from 1st Sept. to 13th August

1924-25	1923-24
15785	21222

Total Stock in Bombay on 13-8-25 5,59,298 B/s last year—5,30,04s B/s.

Total Shipments from 1st, Sept, to 13th August

	1924-1925	1923-1924	1922-1923
Europe —	686074	1087247	825946
China —	340940	243881	375902
Japan —	1647093	1283288	1697035
Coast-Ports —	32057	52086	50716
Total —	2712164	2666602	2949599
Afloat in harbour			
Europe —	3086	2281	6979
China Japan & Coast ports —	13915	9539	—

Silver	Gold	Govt Paper.
72-5-0	21-4-9	69-7-0

Remarks:—12-30 p.m. Yesterday New York closed 27 to 23 up and Liverpool 15 down.

U. S. Mill Consumption. Cotton Mills in the United States consumed 484,000 bales in July as compared with 347,000 in July last year and 494,000 in June this year.

The local market opened this morning with New Broach at Rs. 423½, Old Broach at Rs. 464, Oomras at Rs. 410 and Bengals at Rs. 364.

Opinion. We have nothing to add to the views expressed in our Weekly Market Report published yesterday.

Sampin closed this morning 338.70, 328.80 and 323.80 for August, November and February, these rates being .70, 1.30 and 1.70 Yen up respectively.

Ready Cotton. There was rather a better demand yesterday.

Holiday. Monday being Jain Pachusan, our market will be closed and this Report will not be issued.

Marwadi Bazaar Saturday 3.30 p.m.

Market:—Steady.

Broach July/August, Rs. 464. April/May 1926 Rs. 424. Oomra December/January Rs. 410.

Bengal December/January Rs. 364.

BREUL & CO.'S MARKET REPORT.

EAST INDIAN COTTON.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

BOMBAY, Aug. 15, Since 1st September.

In full-pressed Bales

	Yesterdays	This year	Last year
Khandesh — —	—	393,678	340,660
Central India — —	—	343,647	301,962
Barsi and Nagar — —	—	207,385	205,558
Hyderabad-Gaorani —	—	97,162	104,097
Berar — —	—	566,674	647,223
Central Provinces —	—	256,160	288,593
Total Oomras —	—	1,764,707	1,868,093
Dholera — —	226	313,279	184,622
N.-W. Provinces —	—	131,593	122,536
Rajputana — —	—	81,681	90,197
Sind-Punjab — —	87	362,612	309,389
Broach — —	—	481,708	307,772
Coompta & Dharwar	460	210,894	185,976
Westerns-Northerns	525	118,620	90,541
Cocoanada — —	71	2,313	2,388
Tinnevelly and Cambodia —	538	39,677	29,491
Persian — —	—	6,520	9,430
American — —	—	9,649	2
Egyptian and African — —	1,508	69,253	70,012
Comilla, Burma & other sorts —	—	3,495	876
Total —	3,274	35,96,601	32,71,295

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

1st Sept. to 13th Aug.

	Yesterday.	This year.	Last year
Europe —	3,039	686,074	1,087,947
Japan & China —	1,724	1,994,033	1,526,619
Coast Ports —	100	32,057	52,066
Upcountry by Rail. — —		15,785	21,222
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan — —		28,001	3,814
Total —	4,883	27,44,960	2,705,248

COTTON.

Liverpool, Aug. 14.

Total Day's Sales at Liverpool 7,000 bales.

Total Day's Sales on Spec. and for Exp. 300 bales.

Total Day's Sales of East Indian 800 bales.

Mid. Americans Spot Universal Standard 12.98 moderate demand.

Egyptian F. G. F. Sakellaridis 30.45. d. New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time.)

October	23.20
January	22.95
March	23.24
New York Noon Call.	
October	23.28
January	23.05
March	23.32
New Orleans 10 a.m.	
October	22.63
January	22.88

Liverpool, Aug. 15. Bales.

Total Day's Sales at Liverpool	4000
Total Day's Sales on Spec. & for Exp.	100
Total Day's Sales on East Indian	Nil
Total Day's Imports	Nil

Mid. Americans Spot—
Universal Standard 13.06 fair demand.
Egyptian F.G.F. Sakellaridis 30.55.

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, Aug. 15.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

October	12.44+.11
January	12.40+.12
March	12.46+.11
May	12.53+.12

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Aug. 14.

August	12.52—.13
September	12.41—.13
October	12.33—.15
November	12.23—.16
December	12.27—.16
January	12.28—.15
February	12.29—.15
March	12.35—.15
April	12.36—.15
May	12.41—.15
June	12.37—.15
July	12.37—.15
August	12.32—.15

Tone:—Barely steady.

Liverpool, Aug. 15.

COTTON DELIVERY MID. UPLANDS G.O.C. LIVERPOOL:—

August	12.60	+.08
September	12.48	+.07
October	12.40	+.07
November	12.30	+.07
December	12.33	+.06
January	12.35	+.07
February	12.36	+.07
March	12.42	+.07
April	12.43	+.07
May	12.49	+.08
June	12.45	+.08
July	12.45	+.08
August	12.40	+.08

Tone:—Barely steady.

Liverpool Market will be closed at 5-45 p.m. on the 24th instant.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Aug. 14.

August	26.95—.12
September	25.20—.12
October	24.70—.12
November	23.60—.12
December	22.50—.12
January	22.15—.07
February	22.10—.10
March	21.90—.10
April	21.85—.10
May	21.80—.10
June	21.75—.10
July	21.70—.10

Manchester cloth market is steady with fair cloth inquiry.

Yarns:—Quiet but irregular.

Liverpool, Aug. 15.

August	26.90	—.05
September	25.15	—.05
October	24.65	—.05
November	22.85	—.05
December	22.45	—.05
January	22.10	—.05
February	22.05	—.05
March	21.85	—.05
April	21.80	—.05
May	21.75	—.05
June	21.70	—.05
July	21.65	—.05

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Aug. 14.

Scinde, "Good"	9.20
Scinde, "Fully Good"	9.60
Scinde, "Fine"	10.00
Bengal, "Good"	9.30
Bengal, "Fully Good"	9.70
Bengal, "Fine"	10.10
Oomra, "Good"	10.00
Oomra, "Fully Good"	10.40
Oomra, "Fine"	10.80
Broach, "Good"	10.75
Broach, "Fully Good"	11.15
Broach, "Fine"	11.55

Liverpool, Aug. 15.

Scinde Good	9.20
Scinde Fully Good	9.60
Scinde Fine	10.00
Bengal Good	9.30
Bengal Fully Good	9.70
Bengal Fine	10.10
Oomra Good	10.00
Oomra Fully Good	10.40
Oomra Fine	10.80
Broach Good	10.75
Broach Fully Good	11.15
Broach Fine	11.55

LIVERPOOL COTTON STATISTICS.

London, Aug. 14.

	Bales.
Total Actual Export	13,000
Total Forward consumers	52,000
Total Imports	25,000
Total Stocks	589,000
Actual Weekly Sales	22,940
Water Twist	1/9
Printers Cloth	39

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

London, Aug. 15.

	Bales.
Total in Sight	182,000
Egyptian Visible Supply	91,000
East Indian Visible Supply	191,000
American Visible Supply	987,000
Other Visible Supply	356,000
Total Sales	32,000
East Indian Sales	28,000
Total Speculation	—
Total Export	—
East Indian Export	—
East Indian Stock	35,000
East Indian Forwarded	400
East Iidian Actual Export	—
East Indian Import of the week	1,000
East Indian Speculation	800
American Afloat	20,000
East Indian Afloat	23,000
Total Afloat	146,000

Taking of the world's Shippers of American Cotton 166,008 bales.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Aug. 14.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports 8,000.
Day's Exports to Great Britain 3,000.
Day's Exports to Continent 2,000.
Futures at New York.

October	23.51+.27
January	23.28+.26
March	23.56+.23
May	23.90+.27
Spot Cotton at New York	23.75+.35
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	23.35+.20
Futures at New Orleans.	
October	22.91+.19
January	23.19—.21

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 20 3/4.
Demand Bills 4.85.62.
Silver Commercial Bars Foreign mined 69 7/8.

New York, Aug. 15.

COTTON:—
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports 8,000.
Day's Exports to Great Britain nil.
Day's Exports to Continent nil.

FUTURES AT NEW YORK:—

October	23.35	—.16
January	23.09	—.19
March	23.50	—.06
May	23.73	—.17
Spot Cotton at New York	23.60	—.15
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	23.07	—.28

FUTURES AT NEW ORLEANS:—

October	22.76	—.15
January	23.04	—.15

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 20 3/4
Demand Bills 4,85.48.
Silver Commercial Bars—
Foreign Mined 70 1/8.

CLOSING PRICES.

AMERICAN COTTON MARKET.

New York, Aug. 14.

Futures at New York.

October	23.51+.27
January	23.28+.26
March	23.28+.26
May	23.90+.27

New York, Aug. 15.

Futures at New York.

October	23.35—.16
January	23.60—.19
March	23.50—.06
May	23.73—.17

New York, Aug. 14.

Cotton Delivery Mid. Uplands G. O. C. Liverpool.

October	12.33—.15
January	12.28—.15
March	12.35—.15
May	12.41—.15

New York, Aug. 15.

Cotton Delivery Mid. Uplands G. O. C. Liverpool.

October	12.40+.07
January	12.35+.07
March	12.42+.07
May	12.49+.08

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Aug. 14.

	Bales.
Week's Receipts of Cotton at U. S. Corts	46,000
Week's Exports to Great Britain	4,66
Week's Exports to France and Continent	34,000
Week's Exports to Japan	3,000
Stock of Cotton at U. S. Ports	181,000
Stock of Cotton at Interior Ports	160,000

WHEAT.

London, Aug. 14.

Barletta Russo—62½ lbs. August/September sellers 59/6.

Rozario Santa Fe—63½ lbs. August/September sellers 64/6.

Tone:—Dull and lower owing to large shipments.

Australian August/September sellers quiet 59.

Choice White Karachi August/September inactive 58.

Tone:—Business was done to-day in Linseed La Plata Argentine at £20½ September/October shipment to hull.

London, Aug. 15.

Barletta Russo—62½ lbs. Aug/Sep sellers 59/

Rozario Santa Fe—63½ lbs. Aug/Sep sellers 60/.

Tone:—Quiet—poor demand.

Australian Aug/Sep sellers 58/6.

Choice White Karachi Aug/Sep afloat paid 59/—Dull few offer.

Wheat afloat to United Kingdom 1680,000

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by The Bombay Marwari Chamber of Commerce:—

Bombay, Aug. 15, 6-30 p.m.

	Bazaar Terms. Ready.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rail. Delivery. Rs.	a.	p.
Wheat, White Delhi 70-30		57	0	0	8	6	0
Wheat, White Cawnpore 70-30		58	0	0	8	6	0
Wheat, Karachi Bangla		60	0	0	8	11	0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi					12	2	0
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore					12	2	0
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore					13	4	0
Linseed, Brown Bold		12	14	0	13	6	0
Linseed, Brown Thin		12	10	0	13	3	0
Teelseed, White 85-15		74	0	0	15	6	0
Teelseed, Gajar 75-25		70	0	0	14	12	0
Teelseed, Gajar 50-50		68	0	0	14	4	0
Teelseed, Black		64	0	0	12	14	0
Poppyseed, White					13	14	0
Groundnuts		72	0	0	14	3	0
Mowraseed					10	12	0
Barley					6	5	0
Castorseed		62	0	0	12	10	0
Jira		12	0	0			

Forward.	Rs.	a.	p.
Wheat, May	8	0	6
Wheat, Sept.	8	7	0
Linseed, May	13	4	0

SEEDS.

London, Aug. 14.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata) August/September sellers £20 1/2.

January/February sellers £19 1/2.

September/October and October/November paid sellers £20 1/2.

Dull and easier owing to larger shipments.

Cottonseed Bombay August/September quiet £93/4.

Castorseed Bombay August/September sellers £22 3/8.

Rapeseed, Ferozepore, Usual Bold, per ton August/September sellers £21 1/2.

Rapeseed Toria, per ton August/September sellers £ 22 1/4.

Rapeseed, yellow Guzerat per ton August/September sellers £23¼.

Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore per ton August/September £ 20 7/8.

Tone of Rapeseed—Dull.

Yellow Cawnpore August/September nominal £23 1/8

Linseed Bombay August/September sellers £23 1/8

London, Aug. 15.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata) Aug/Sept. sellers £20 1/4.

Jan/Feb sellers £19 1/4.

Sep/Oct paid £20 1/4.

Quiet—lower, Argentine yields, expected larger.

Cottonseed Bombay Aug/Sep quiet £9 3/4

Castorseed Bombay Aug/Sep sellers £22 3/8.

Rapeseed, Ferozepore, Usual Bold, per ton £21 5/8 Aug/Sep sellers.

Rapeseed, Toria per ton £22 1/8 Aug/Sep sellers.

Rapeseed Yellow Guzerat per ton £23 1/4 Aug/Sep nominal.

Rapeseed Brown Cawnpore per ton £20 7/8 Aug/Sep sellers.

Ton of Rapeseed:—Inactive.

Yellow Cawnpore £23 1/8 Aug/Sep nomd.

Linseed Bombay £23 Aug/Sep sellers.

Business was done to-day in Linseed La Plata Argentine at £20 1/4 Sep/Oct to Hull.

Wheat Cargo Choice White Karachi £59 afloat.

JAVA SUGAR.

London, Aug. 14.

Fine White Java C and F. Calcutta August/September sellers 15/6.

Fine White Java C. and F. Calcutta October/December sellers 15/9.

Fine White Java C. and F. Calcutta January/March sellers 16.

Fine White Java C. and F. Bombay January/March sellers 16/2 1/2.

Fine White Java C. and F. Karachi January/March sellers 16/3 1/4.

London, Aug. 15.

Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta Aug/Sep. sellers 15/6.

Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta Oct/Dec sellers 15/9.

Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta Jan/March sellers 16/

Fine White Java C. & F. Bombay Jan/March sellers 16/2½.

Fine White Java C. & F. Karachi Jan/March sellers 16/3¼.

FREIGHT OF COAL.

London, Aug. 14.

Cardiff to Bombay 15.

BARLEY.

London, Aug. 14.

Karachi Barley August/September nominal 40/6.

MONEY MARKET.

EXCHANAGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Aug. 15.

B. C. RATE—
Bank's selling T. T. 1/6 1/32
Bank's selling D. D. 1/6 1/16
LONDON—
Bank's selling T. T. 1/6 3/32
Bank's selling D. D. 1/6 1/8
Bank's buying 3 M/st D. A. 1/6 11/32
Bank's buying T. T. 1/6 1/8
Bank's buying D. D. 1/6 5/32
PARIS
Bank's selling D. D. Frcs. 755
Bank's buying 3 M/st D. A. Frcs. 810
Bank's buying D. D. Frcs. 795
JAPAN—
Bank's selling T. T. Rs. 112 1/2
Bank's buying 60 D/st D. P. Rs. 108 1/2
HONKONG—
Bank's selling D. D. Rs. 158 1/2
SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D. D. Rs. 213
SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D. D. Rs. 157 3/4
NEW YORK—
Bank's selling D. D. Rs. 273 1/2
CROSS RATE—
London—New York Dol. 4.85.13/16
London—Paris Frcs. 104.02
London—Switzerland Frcs. 25.00
London—Brussels Frcs. 107.00
London—Rome Liras 134.00
London—Berlin Marks 20.40
TONE OF EXCHANGE—Steady and dull market.

London, Aug. 15.

Tele. Transfers 1/6 1/8 steady.
Bar Gold 44.10 1/2 steady.
Bar Silver Spot 32 1/4 steady.

London, Aug. 14.

Rentes 3 per cent. 47.
Bar Silver (Spot) 32 3/16.
Bar Silver 2 months hence 32 3/16.
Closing Tone of Silver.—Little Indian China buying closed steady.
Discount, Bank of England Rate 4½ per cent since 6th instant.
Interest day to day loans 3 3/4.
Interest 7 days market loans 3 1/2.
Bullion Shipments £80,000.
Bars Bought £19,000.

EXCHANGE ON CONTINENTAL CENTRES.

London, Aug. 14

Stockholm	18.07
Christiania	26.35
Amsterdam	12.07
Switzerland	25.02

London, Aug. 14.

Exchange on London in Paris 104.11.
Exchange on London in Germany 20.41.
Exchange on London in Italy Closed until 20/8/25.

New York, Aug. 14.

Demand Bills 4.85.62

DISCOUNTS.

London, Aug. 14.

Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st. 3 15/16.
Discount Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st. 4 3/16.
Fine Trade Bills 3 m/st. 4 3/4.
Discount Fine Trade Bills 6 m/st. 5 1/4.
Rentes 5 per cent 15 3/4.

STOCKS, ETC.

London, Aug. 14.

Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90 89 1/2.
Victory Bonds 4 per cent £92 1/8+1/8.
War Loan 5 per cent 1929/47 101 3/8+1/8.
Conversion Loan £78 1/16+1/16.
Indian Loan 5½ per cent £101 1/2.
Indian Loan 7 per cent £105 1/2.
Consols 2½ per cent 56 1/2.
Rupee Paper 3½ per cent 51.
Indian Stock 3½ per cent (Sterling Loan) 68+1/4.
Government Securities 3 per cent 58 7/8 +1/8.

London, Aug. 15.

	£
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	89 1/2
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	92 1/8
War Loan 5 per cent 1927/47	101 3/8
Conversion Loan	78 1/6
Indian Loan 5½ per cent	101 1/2
Indian Loan 7 per cent	105 1/2
Consols 2½ per cent	56 1/2
Rupee Paper 3½ per cent	51
Indian Stock 3½ per cent (Sterling Loan)	68
Govt. Securities 3 per cent	58 7/8

BULLION.

Bombay, Aug. 15.

Sovereigns ready Rs. 13/7
Sovereigns forward Rs. 13/6/6
Bar gold ready, Rs. 21/5/9
Bar gold forward, Rs. 21/4/9
Bar gold 2nd settlement, Rs. 21/4/3
Bar silver ready, Rs. 72/10
Bar silver 1st settlement, Rs. 72/8
Bar silver 2nd settlement, Rs. 72/6

London, Aug. 14.

Bar gold ready, s. 84-10 1/2
Silver ready, d. 32-3
Silver forward, d. 32-3
TONE OF SILVER—Cash quiet, forward steady China bought cash. Buyer satisfied. We expect prices to remain at about the present level.

BOMBAY-CHINA YARN MARKETS.

Daily Quotations.

Bombay, Aug. 15.

	Per lb.	Rs.	a.	p.
Kilachand	No. 14½	0	12	3
Kilachand	No. 20½	0	13	3
Currimbhai	No. 12½	0	12	0
Elphinstone	No. 12½	0	11	9
David	No. 10½	0	11	6
Shapurji	No. 10½	0	11	3
Trikamdas	No. 10½	0	11	6
Mattara	No. 12½	0	12	3
Shapurji	No. 6½	0	9	9
Light-house	No. 6½	0	9	6
Japan	No 40-1	1	3	9
Japan	No. 42-2	1	5	6
Japan	No. 20	0	15	0
Japan	No. 32	1	1	9

(For other commercial see page 10.)

SPORTING NEWS

WEEK-END CRICKET.

SATURDAY'S MATCHES.

Week-end cricket suffered a great deal owing to the soft condition of the pitches and, matches were of a mediocre order. On the Parsi Gymkhana ground the home team drew with the St. Xavier's College in the return match while on their own ground the Hindu Gym. "B" also drew with the "B" team of the Parsi Gymkhana. The medicals were beaten by the Parsi Cyclists. The game between the Islam Gym. "B" and the second team of the Bombay Gymkhana also ended in a draw.

PARSI GYM. VS. ST. XAVIER'S.

St. Xavier's College:—Bamboat 1, Mehta 2, Mody 5, Hirji-Khurshed 6, N. D. Marshall (not out) 50, Jamadar 4, Suntoke 31, Vokil 3, Vaidya 6, C. Mehta (not out) 2, Kapadia did not bat, extras 20, total for 8 wickets 130.

Parsi Gymkhana:—Kalapesi (not out), 36, Mehta 2, Pavri 0, Contractor 4, Umrigar 0, Baria 1, Wadia 5, Daruwalla, Bulsara, Palkhiwalla, and J. Marshall did not bat, extras 10, total for 6 wickets 58.

PARSI GYM. 'B' VS HINDU GYM. 'B.'

Parsi Gymkhana "B":—Antia 11, Bulsara 29, Mody 0, Bhiwandiwalla 25, J. Mullan 17, Pavri 3, Sanjana 16, Madan 6, Sethna 15, Adenwalla 0, P. Mullan 0, extras 4, total 152.

Hindu Gymkhana "B" Kennedy 0, Bhiwankar 15, Pupala 6, Girkar 0, Wadker, 15, Vakil 8, Gandhi not out 29, Desai 0, Joshi not out 24, Mehta and Bhatt did not bat, extras 10, total for 7 wickets 107.

PARSI CYCLISTS VS. MEDICALS.

Medicals:—Pai 0, Gandhi 7, Patel 2, Joshi 0, Nanjani 1, Galwankar 24, Parasneas 0, Nachne 13, Sahigrah 1, Majumdar 1, Prabhu 0, extras 9, total 59.

Cyclists:—Salamat 14, Adjam 0, Kapadia 9, Tawadia 6, Engineer 25, Irani 3, Unwalla 9, Bharucha 4, rest did not bat extras 2, total for 7 wickets 72.

BOMBAY GYM. "B" VS. ISLAM GYM

Islam Gymkhana:—Hassan Shah 22, Wazir Sani 24, Thanawalla 4, Mohamed Shah 20, Kazi 0, Hatim 7, Sikander Shah 8, Haji 9, Rassool 13, Barodawalla 1, Omer 1, extras 0, total 115.

Bombay Gymkhana:—H. E. Lees 12, F. W. Clayton 4, C. H. Champion 32, H. Lewis 3, G. Squires 6, J. James 7, C. H. Hardcastle 17, not out, G. Sheers 0, E.E. Cockram 0, F. Kitchen 0, R. Warren Smith did not bat, extras 3, total 85.

SUNDAY'S MATCHES.

RAIN SPOILS PLAY.

The continuous drizzling on Sunday did not admit of much cricket and only a few clubs ventured to play. Two matches on the Kennedy Sea Face were abandoned but the Bombay Gymkhana played the Shapoor Spencer XI on the Esplanade, the game ending in a draw. Lucas and Radcliff in spite of the soft wicket knocked up 43 and 55. The Gymkhana declared their innings at 158 for 4 wickets. The visitors scored slowly and at the end of the day had lost 6 wickets for 71.

BOMBAY GYM. VS. SHAPOOR SPENCER XI.

Bombay Gymkhana:—King 2, Mackinnon 12, Lucas 43, Radcliffe 55, Harrison not out 20, Milne not out 21, Andrew, Weir, Lloyd, Cummings and Ingham did not bat, extras 5, total for 4 wickets 158.

Shapoor Spencer XI:—Erchidana 1, Langrana 4, Gandhi 5, B. Kapadia 24, Irani 7, D. Kapadia 0, Nallaseth not out 3, Mirza not out 15, Bhapoo, Tarapore and Jamshedji did not bat, extras 12, total for 6 wickets 71.

HINDU GYM. VS. NEW HINDU C. C.

Hindu Gymkhana:—C. M. Rana 33, Chandarana 18, Mahale not out 49, Swami 0, Pupala 9, Gandhi not out 12, R. Mahall Pawaskar, Belsare, Kagal and Dajaya did not bat, extras 2, total 123.

New Hindu C. C.:—Pardeshi 11, Mazumdar (not out) 18, Sidak 10, rest did not bat, total for 1 wicket 43.

(Match abandoned owing to rain.)

ISLAM GYM. VS. PARSI GYM.

Islam Gymkhana:—Shapoor 3, Lakhani 14, Contractor 18, Sani 0, Rasool 0, Mahomed Shah 3, Vali Ahmed 10, Mahmood 15, Erfani 11, Ali Khan 76, Sikandar 0, extras 3, total 91.

Bowling:—Daruwalja 8 for 35, Engineer 2 for 25.

Parsi Gymkhana:—Reporter (not out) 3, Manekhshaw 2, S. Mehta 6, Pavri (not out) 3, F. Kapadia, Umrigar, H. Engineer, H. Contractor, Mistry, Daruwalla and Bulsara did not bat, extras 0, total 14 for 2 wickets.

(Match abandoned owing to rain.)

CRICKET AT KOLAHPUR.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

KOLHAPUR, August 15.

A cricket match was played to-day, at Kolhapur between the Rajaram College Eleven and the Infantry Team Captain Carnac and Major Campbell taking part in the latter. The College batting first scored 201 for six wickets and then retired, Mr. Tirvarkar scoring over a century before retiring. The Infantry scored 99 for eight wickets when stumps were drawn for the day.

COUNTY CRICKET MATCHES.

LONDON, Aug. 15.

The following are the closing scores in the County cricket matches that began to-day:—

Middlesex v. Notts at Lords:—Middlesex 175 (Hendren 71, Staples 5 for 28). Notts 167 for 3 (Carr 54, Whysall 60 not out.)

Somerset v Surrey at Taunton:—Somerset 167 (Young 58, Lockton 4 for 36). Surrey 151 for 3 (Hobbs 91 not out).

Yorkshire v Sussex at Bradfords:—Yorkshire 119 (Wensley 4 for 44). Sussex 87 (Kilner 5 for 14).

Warwickshire v Northamptonshire at Birmingham:—Warwick 159 Northants 126 (Howell 7 for 59).

Hampshire v Leicestershire at Bournemouth:—Leicester 77 (Kennedy 7 for 32). Hampshire 86 (Geary 4 for 34). Leicester in the second innings made 10 runs for one wicket.

Lancashire v Derbyshire at Nelson:—Lancashire 103 (Hallows 65 not out, (Morton 7 for 51). Derby 98 (Parkin 4 for 32.) Lancashire in the second innings made 13 for no wickets.

Gloucestershire v Kent at Cheltenham. Gloucester 77 (Freeman 6 for 34). Kent 252 for 3 (Hardinge 76, Woolley 114, not out).—Reuter's Special

SCOTTISH LEAGUE MATCHES.

LONDON, Aug. 15.

The first matches in the Scottish League (Football) were played off yesterday. Following are results:—

Scottish League (First Division):—Aberdeen 3 Hamilton 3; Celtic 5, Hibernians 0; Dundee 3, Norton 0; Hearts 1 Falkirk 1, Motherwell 2, Clydebank 1; Partick 3, 1; Kilmarnock 2; Queen's Park Cowdonheath 1; Raith 4, Dundee United 2, St. Johnstone 0, Rangers 3; St. Mirren 1, Airdieonians 1.—Reuter's Special.

BELGIAN KING TO VISIT INDIA?

LONDON, Aug. 4.

Brussels.—The Belgian King and Queen will shortly proceed to the Mediterranean and will possibly extend their journey to India.—Reuter.

WIGHTMAN TENNIS CUP.

RETAINED BY BRITISH LADIES.

Forest Hills, August 16.—The British ladies have retained the Wightman Lawn Tennis Cup, defeating the American ladies by four matches to three.—Reuter's Special.

PATHE CINEMA.

A Harold Lloyd film is always sure of a certain degree of popularity. This spectacled youth has an undeniable charm—a charm of finish and perfection of detail allied to grace and precision of movement—but in addition to all this he can act.

His five reel comedy "Dr. Jack," is announced for a third week's run at the Pathe Cinema. For the past two weeks this picture has attracted vast crowds and full house has been the order of the day.

DAS MEMORIAL FUND.

CALCUTTA, Aug. 15.

The total collection for the C. R. Das Memorial now amounts to Rs. 676,547/9.—A. P.

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THE LAST HAJ.

IMPRESSIONS.

(BY QAMR AHMED.)

The first pilgrim ship "Jehangir," with 1150 pilgrims left Bombay on the 19th May, and including its fortnight's detention at Port Sudan it took, in all one full month to reach Rabigh—its port of destination. It would not be out of place to mention here, by the way, that a pilgrimship is a queer thing within the Empire, its passengers are treated like *pariahs* or untouchables on all the intermediate ports where it touches on the way—that they are not allowed to leave the ship after embarkation except at the port of destination, no one is allowed to see them. At Kamran, they have to stay in a Quarantine shed for 24 hours for which the British Government takes Rs. 10 per pilgrim, but what is the object of such quarantine no body could distinctly explain. Obviously it is nothing but a money concern.

Omitting for the time being the painful story of our detention at Port Sudan where on different occasions we had the chance of knowing what British imperialism has been doing in Hedzaz instance of which is the unwarranted annexation of Aquaba and Maan to Trans-Jordinia—a barren but strategic tract of land under British mandate, I am going to relate my impressions after landing at Rabigh.

A DIFFERENT TALE.

Rabigh is the best natural harbour of all the Red Sea ports. Situated midway between Mecca and Medina it was at this place that the French men-of-war landed troops at the time when Sheriff Hussain revolted at the instigation of the Allies against his master, the Khalif. The town, which is about three miles from the shore, has been notorious among the pilgrims for its vagabond and freebooting Beduins. No solitary pilgrim was, in past years, safe from their hands. This year it was a different tale, for the pilgrims roamed freely among its ruins—the result of the last year's flood—and had no cause to be afraid of. Moreover they had a comparatively cheaper journey; for all the charges—boat and camel hires, house rent, tax and five day's journey to Mecca they had to pay Rs. 24 each only.

Everything was right in the way—no thieves, no trouble from Beduins and no sufferings.

The pilgrim caravans infused new life throughout, every Beduin was busy in selling loaves, melons, dates, mutton or fish as caravan after caravan reached its day's destination.

IN MECCA.

I reached Mecca at about midnight and found expectant faces awaiting the caravans; our only anxiety on reaching Mecca was about the demolition of certain mosques and domes over combs and we at once had a talk with the Governor of Mecca and told him that although we would enter into details about many things after the pilgrimage was over, at that time we only wanted an assurance from the Sultan about the protection of the tombs and sacred buildings at Medina. The Governor, Hafiz Wahba, an Egyptian gentleman who had lived in India also for some time and worked for the Khuddame Kaaba with Maulana Mohammad Ali, assured us on behalf of, and with the approval of; the Sultan about the safety of the inhabitants, their lives and property and the protection of the sacred monuments there.

After the Hajj we entered into detailed discussions with the Sultan who promised to fulfil the following:—

(1) That an assembly of the representatives of the Muslims of the world will be invited to frame the constitution of Hejaz Government as soon as the way to Mecca or Medina is open for regular traffic.

(2) That Hejaz will be immune from foreign domination.

(3) That the lives and property of the people and the sacred monuments will be kept intact.

(4) That all the mosques demolished at Mecca by the first invading armies under Khalid Ibn Lowi, a kinsman and an avowed enemy of Sherif Husain, will be restored to its original condition, that other monuments will also be protected pending the decision of the World-Muslim-Representatives.

The question of demolition requires a little explanation. It is an open secret that Nejd is cut off from the civilised world Its Ulema are fanatics to the core and indulge in blaspheming others like a section of the Ulema of certain parts of India.

Now when Ibne Saud tried to reform his wild Beduins, he had naturally to rely on these Ulema who while they enjoined the Akhwans—a name given to the Beduins to Ibn e Saud—to obey the king and to refrain from looting plundering and other crimes they inculcated in them a biased religious spirit which is unfortunately the cause of turning these promising youths into religious fanatics. They were taught to believe that other Muslims worship many other things besides God.

So when they reached Mecca, ignorant as they were, they tried to find out such places and in their ignorance and also at the instigation of certain interester persons they demolished many sacred monuments long before the arrival of the Sultan.

The Sultan assured us that he was always ready to lay his life to act according to the tenets of the Koran the commandments of the Prophet (may he rest in peace) the sayings of the first four Khalifs and the expositions of Imam Abu Hanifs, Imam Shafai, Imam Malit Imam Ahmad Hambal, and the consensus of the Muslim bodies.

DUTY OF INDIAN MUSLIMS.

The duty of the Indian Mussalmans at this juncture is to try to protect the sacred monuments of Medina and also to save Hejaz from European domination. England took Akaba in the name of Trans-Jordinia and has eyes on other ports also. Amir Ali's men, instead of fighting on the battle front for their freedom and home and, are trying to foment Hanafi and Wahbi discussions and ill-feelings in India—the only country trying for the independence of Hejaz. If to-day the Muslims fall a prey to this foul propaganda and forsake their sacred duty of protecting the monuments of Medina and saving Hejaz from foreign control they will do so with their eyes open and will have to bear the consequences. The only way to achieve this under the present circumstances is to represent to Ibn-e-Saud in firm but friendly manner to respect the sentiments of others and fulfil his promises given to the Khilafat delegation.

G. O. M'S. CENTENARY.

PUBLIC MEETING IN BOMBAY.

Under the auspices of the Young Men's Parsi Association, a public meeting to celebrate the centenary of Dadabhoy Nowroji the Grand Old Man of India was held at the Framji Cowasji Institute on Sunday evening, Mr. D. F. Mulla presiding.

Mr. Mulla regretted that Sir D. E. Vaccha was not able to attend the meeting owing to indisposition. It was he who took a leading part in organizing the meeting that day as according to the Parsi calendar Dadabhoy Nowroji's centenary of his birth fell on that day. Essays, he then said, were invited from graduates and undergraduates of the university on the life of Dadabhoy Nowroji. Some essays were received but they were not corrected upto that time owing to the illness of Sir D. E. Vaccha. Referring to the occasion, he said, the F. C. Institute came into existence originally by the efforts of Dadabhoy Nowroji. It became afterwards a resort of eminent Parsi publicists and educationists. The Hall was utilized for holding public meetings in which Dadabhoy Nowroji used to take a leading part. He always advocated progress on slow, sure and steady lines and denounced violence in all forms. As in public so in social activities, his life was exmplary. It was he who first initiated female education in Bombay in the teeth of opposition of Parsi women of that day who refused to send their daughters to schools and to mix them with men. He advised young men to follow the example of Dadabhoy Nowroji and exhorted them to learn toleration, patience and forbearance from the life of Dadabhoy.

CAUSE OF VERNACULARS.

Mr. K. M. Jhaveri then said Dadabhoy Nowroji was the founder of the Dnyan Prasarak Mandali in 1851 which had done a great deal of good for the spread of Gujerati literature and combining all the Gujerati speaking communities, like Parsis, Hindus and Mahomedans, together. The fruit of his labour in regard to the female education was that after half a century there had been widespread female education not only in this city but all throughout the Presidency. He expressed his gratitude on behalf of the Gujerati speaking communities to the Grand Old Man of India for all that he had done for them.

Mr. S. E. Warden then spoke on the commercial morality practised by Dadabhoy Nowroji as a businessman and exhorted the businessmen to follow his example.

Mr. H. D. Banaji related at length the work of Dadabhoy Nowroji especially his campaign in regard to the poverty of India and said Dadabhoy Nowroji was really born for the people, lived for the people, and died for the people.

The meeting terminated with a vote of thanks to the chairman and the speakers.

CELEBRATIONS NEXT MONTH.

Sir Dinshaw Petit and others representing the Bombay Presidency Association Social Service League, Parsi Central Association, National Home Rule League, Gran Merchants' Association, Central Labour Board, Bombay Presidency Social Reform Association, Parsi Rajkya Sabha, Iran League, Gujerati Hindu Sri Mandal, Women's Indian Association, The Zorcastrian Jashan Committee, The Seva Sadan, Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, Hindu Ladies' Social and Literary Club, Sri Guru Singh Sabha, Rashtrya Sri Sabha, Pathare Prabhu Mahila Samaj, Bombay Presidency Women Graduates' Union, Jain Mahila Samaj, European Association, Bombay Presidency Muslim League, Muslim Students' Union, Piece-Goods Merchants' Association, Stri Zarthosti Mandal, Bombay Students' Brotherhood, Wester Indian National Liberal Association and the Rathestar Mandal have formed themselves into the Dadabhoy Nowroji Centenary Committee to celebrate the unique event of the birth Centenary of the Great Indian Patriot, in the first week of September next.

The co-operation of all classes and interests in Bombay is earnestly requested. Associations and Societies, whether they have received the invitation letter or not, inviting them to co-operate, are requested to send intimation of joining and appoint their representatives as early as possible. The Committee also appeals to the public to heartily participate in this function by means of individual and collective help and to subscribe towards the celebration fund in order to make this event a great success it so richly deserves to be made.

Subscriptions, great or small, be sent to Ms. K. J. B. Wadia, Hon. Secretary, Rathestar Mandal, 77, Apollo St., Fort.

MILES OF SMILES.

PERFORMANCE NOT BAD.

A very moderate success; that is all an indulgent critic could say about "Miles of Smiles" on Saturday night when the Bombay Amateur Dramatic Club launched their monsoon venture. The actors, and the actresses were a splendid lot, but the selection was a bit casual, promiscuous, taxing. Instead of going for a coherent little comedy like "Tilly of Bloomsbury," the amateurs gave their choice to a Pierothic Tamasha. The Pierott performance is difficult to execute, it requires a congestion of jokes and much elaborate training in modes all seemingly unpremeditated! On Saturday night there was a plentitude of stale jests, but we do not blame the show for it. The amateur is good for concentration on a single character, not whirling characterisation; that is why Mr. J. J. Simmons was great as Still-bottle but a benumbing variety-artist on Saturday night. He and Mr. Laith were the soul of the evening if we exclude the galaxy of girls who of course, were all superb. The listener liked "God Save the King and Lord Rotermere;" there was much sympathetic cheering when a furlong-man of Smiles wondered if there was plenty of beer in the morning. Mr Longari's illness deprived the Audience when "Rosemarie" was sung. Another furlong lost in Miles of Smiles. It was come out well in the dress-rehearsal so it was a pity to miss it. Mr. Simmons looked a perfect sailor (beery, British drunken), in his eulogy of the British Navy, and in the encore he sought to be engaging with allusions to the Indian Navy. There was not much healthy mirth in that jest. "Hunting" was an animating copy of our old friends "The Westminster Glee Singers." The "Wonderful Girl" carried us over to the reflections of the interval—most welcome after chastened expectations.

A "Touch of Truth" was blatantly amateurish—long pauses, excited speed at odd moments, belated laughter. Mr Hardcastle had to perform as understudy and hence he deserves the honours of extenuation. Prolonged "two-men" scenes are no good any time. The sest of the show was in the vein of stilted earnestness and who should be blamed except the amateurs of selection, for the drowsy end? This is not carping criticism, but a gentle rebuke over the mix-up of style. When next the Amateurs select a piece let them give a chance to Edward Thompson's "Atonement," a splendid play with tropical colour; short, sweet, saucy, edifying.

GADKARI MEMORIAL.

Though nearly six years have elapsed since the passing away, at a premature age, of the popular Marathi poet and playwright Mr. Ram Ganesh Gadkari, no serious effort has been made to perpetuate his memory, beyond holding anniversary meetings here and there. To make up for the past lethargy an influential all-Maharashtra Committee has been formed with the idea of collecting funds to raise a permanent memorial in honour of Mr. Gadkari by (1) purchasing a small room in the hostel of the Fergusson College, where Mr Gadkari was educated, and having a short epitaph inscribed there; (2) founding a scholarship for Marathi in the Bombay University; and (3) preserving the house in Kasba Peth in which Mr. Gadkari lived. The amount required for the scheme is estimated to be Rs. 10,000 and the Committee has approached the Marathi operas with a request to give benefit performances for the same. The "Lalit-Kala darsha" company which has been in Bombay has responded and will stage "Hach Mulacha Bap" on Thursday, August 20, under. it is expected, the presidentship of Mr. M. R. Jayakar. Admirers of Mr. Gadkari are requested to subscribe liberally to the fund in cash and by witnessing the benefit plays.

SWIMMING COMPETITION.

The fourth All-India twenty-two miles swimming contest, under the auspices of Indian Lifesaving Society will be held on Sunday (the 30th instant). Entry fee Rs. 10/- while for the "bona fide" military Rs. 5/- only. Entry closes on 21st instant and the competitors will be medically examined on 23rd instant. The full particulars regarding rules of the contest will be had of 4/1, Gour Laha Street, Calcutta.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER Bombay Mean Time. h.	m.	Depth on Still. ft	in.	LOW WATER Day of Month.	Bombay Mean Time. h.	m.	Depth on Still. ft	in.
	Aug.					Aug.				
Sat.	15	2	24	28	7	15	8	11	17	4
		14	40	28	1		20	59	17	1
Sun	16	10	11	26	6	16	2	55	18	0
		21	42	24	9		15	59	20	2
M	17	10	4	27	2	17	3	35	17	5
		22	20	25	5		16	32	19	5
Tu	18	11	10	27	8	18	4	10	17	0
		22	55	26	1		17	2	18	8
W	19	11	39	28	2	19	4	46	16	5
		23	29	26	6		17	32	18	2
Tu	20	12	6	28	4	20	5	17	16	3
							18	1	17	8
Fri	21	0	2	26	9	21	5	49	16	3
		12	32	28	4		18	29	17	6

SUNRISE AND SUNSET.

	a.m.	p.m.
August 17 (Mon.)	6h. 20m.	7h. 6m.
August 18 (Tue.)	6h. 20m.	7h. 5m.
August 19 (Wed.)	6h. 21m.	7h. 4m.
Aug. 20 (Thu.)	6h. 21m.	7h. 4m.
Aug. 21, (Fri).	6h. 21m.	7h. 3m.
Aug. 22, (Sat.)	6h. 21m.	7h. 2m.
Aug. 23, (Sun).	6h. 21m.	7h. 1m.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

ENGAGEMENTS.

TUESDAY, August 18.

University Convocation Sir C. J. University Hall 5-45 p.m. His Excellency the Governor presiding.

THURSDAY, August 20.

K. R. Cama anniversary celebration, 172, Hornby Road, Fort, 6 p.m. the Consul-General for Persia to preside.

FRIDAY, August 21

Performance of "Shoor Abala" by Rastriya Kanya Shala Mela, Bombay Taeatre, Grant Road, 8-30 p.m.

SATURDAY, August 22.

The s.s. Razmak with the English mails leaves at 1 p.m.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.—The P. and O. mail steamer "Maloja" arrived London on Friday the 14th instant.

BAND AT CHOWPATTY BANDSTAND.—The Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Railway Regiment, A.F.I., will play at the Chowpatty Bandstand to-day, (Monday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.)

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY ASSOCIATION.—A meeting of the members of the Council of the Association will be held in the Rooms of the Association (Alice Building, Hornby Road, 4th Floor) on Wednesday, (19th instant) at 6 p.m.

ARYAN EXCELSIOR LEAGUE.—The 11th Mother's Day Celebration and 24th Annual Gathering of the League will come off on Wednesday, (19th inst.), at 8 a.m. (S.T.), at the Prarthana Samaj Hall, Girgaum, when Hon. Sir Norman Cranstoun Macleod, Chief Justice, High Court, Bombay, will preside and distribute sweets and prizes.

PETITION TO BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.—A petition has been forwarded to the Secretary, Bombay Municipality by Mr. Jhabvala against the encouragement given to an English liquor selling company by advertisements pasted on the walls of the Crawford Market, by the Standing Committee of the Bombay Municipality.

B. B. & C. I. RLY. EMPLOYEES' UNION.—The annual general meeting of the B. B. and C. I. Railway Employees' Union will be held in the Damodar Hall, Poibavdi, Parel, on Tuesday the 18th instant at 6 p.m. to adopt the Report and Audited Balance Sheet for the last year and transact other businesses pertaining to the welfare of the Railway Employees. A Free "Cinema Film" will also be screened suitable to the occasion.

RASHTRIYA KANYA SHALA MELA.—The Rashtriya Kanya Shala Mela, consisting of girls of 5 to 11 years of age will give a public performance composed of scientific music and "Shoor Abala" by Mr. Varerkar at the Bombay Theatre, Grant Road on Friday, the 21st instant, at 8-30 p.m. Admission tickets can be had at the school premises in Congress House near Kennedy Bridge between 8 a.m. to 4-30 p.m.

16TH ANNIVERSARY OF LATE Mr. K. R. CAMA.—The annual gathering to commemorate the 16th Anniversary of the death of Mr. K. R. Cama will be held on Thursday, (20th instant) at 6 p.m. (S.T.), at the Institute premises, Sukhadvala Building, 172 Hornby Road, Fort, when His Excellency the Consul General for Persia will presida. Mr. Dinsha Jijibhoy Irani, Solicitor will give a discourse on "Hafiz and his Zoroastrian Murshid."

A MANIKIN AT GRANT MEDICAL COLLEGE.—There will be a meeting in the Anatomy Theatre, Grant Medical College, Bombay, to-day, (Monday) at 4-30 p.m., when Mr Mr. Obala Rao of Bellary (a manikin) will give a performance. An X-Ray photograph of his entire body will be exhibited, and a brief sketch of his history and development will also be given. Lieut.-Col. T. S. Novis, I.M.S., will preside. Members of the medical profession are invited to attend.

ADULT EDUCATION CLASS.—The Parel Settlement of the Social Service League Bombay, proposes to conduct an Adult Education Class, to be commenced from the 6th September 1925. The class will meet every Sunday in the morning, and will be conducted in Marathi for the benefit of the Marathi-knowing residents of this locality. Those, desirous of joining the class, are requested to register their names at the Parel Settlement. The registration fee is Re. one only. The following are of proposed subjects:—(1) Civics; (2) Crime and Punishment; (3) Adult Education; (4) Education and Care of the Defectives; (5) Social Hygiene; (6) Sociology; (7) Charity Organization; (8) Co-operation; (9) Temperance; (10) Infant Welfare; (11) Scouting among the Factory Workers, (12) Public Health and (13) Labour problem.

Dates and names of the lecturers will be announced later on. For particulars, apply to the Superintendent, Parel Settlement 91B Parel Settlement Parel Road No. 12.

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Bombay, dated 6th August, 1925

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The Bombay Chronicle

MONDAY, AUGUST 17, 1925.

IMPERIAL BANK.

Trade-depression is so great and the money obligations of Indian firms so acute that we expect to-day's general meeting of the Imperial Bank to pass off without interpellation or incident. We would nevertheless suggest in cold print that the treatment of Indian firms and the encouragement of Indians within the bank's household are open to severe criticism. Have any results of palpable advantage followed the amalgamation of the three presidency banks? Very little, because the authorities of the bank do not realise how it is really sustained by the reliance and credit of the people of India. The Imperial Bank has assets amounting to Rs. 110 crores but the colossal power indicated by the figure rests upon the toil and trust of the producers in the country. It must not be allowed to be a private Corporation subservient to vested interests, whether official or non-official. Its credit is inexhaustible as it is coupled with the solvency of the people and the State. If it so wills, it can crush other joint stock enterprise in the same field. The monopoly of patronage should be accompanied by due service to the people of this country as a patriotic institution; for the profit of Rs. 82 lakhs which will be distributed to-day is derived from the the confidence of the public. As a favour to exchange banks, the Imperial Bank is debarred from doing exchange business, but the abstinence does not mean an iota of favour to Indian banks. The Imperial Bank in Bombay and Calcutta owes membership to British Chambers of Commerce, not Indian. It is odd that the membership should be exclusively maintained by a Bank that subsists on Indian money and professes non-racial interests. The oddity, however, reflects the policy of the Bank. When critics of the Imperial Bank are emphatic in their strictures, reference is made as if in reply, to a couple of crores lent to one or two Indian firms. Regard being had to the immense resources of the Bank, and the practice of patriotic institutions in other countries, the examples furnish poor consolation. No bank exists as a philanthropic institution, but surely a bank that flourishes on popular credit should place in its forefront the duty of promoting the industrial advance of the country.

When the amalgamation was enacted, Indians had great hopes of seeing in the new institution an effective substitute for the State bank of their desire. As chief sponsor of the Imperial Bank in 1920, Sir Malcolm Hailey declared that one of the objects is "to stimulate very considerably the training and employment of Indians as bankers." Further he confessed: "Our hope is that the new Bank will grow up to be a really national institution." Not all the sorceries of manner natural to Sir Norcot Warren will bring the administration of the Bank anywhere near Indian nationalism. In invoking personal confidence and imparting a tone of ease to a harassed market, he is phenomenally successful. He has half-convinced a shallow world that in his keeping it is an Indian institution, but we cannot rely on casual prodigies of talent. Harking back to the proceedings of 11th March 1920, we stress Sir Malcolm Hailey's point about the advantages of the venture that "the most important among them is the opportunity it will give to the young men of the country to be trained in modern methods of banking." We submit that the supreme point of bargaining has not been carried out and that on contrary grounds they are not prepared to endorse the modest provisions of Mr. B. Das' amending bill. Are the authorities prepared to admit that at least one of the managing governors should be an Indian? Are they willing to concede that the number of foreign-indented officers should not exceed the cadre of 1920? Are they agreeable to the training of five qualified Indians every year in the London office? For unsatisfactory reasons, they are believed to be against these salutary changes in compliance of past professions. We hear that 36 Europeans were recruited from England last year against the glut of superior talent in India. The malicious libel has been issued by apologists of race-nepotism, that the recruitment of Indian officers has resulted in corruption and embezzlement. Sir Norcot Warren knows the author of the statement that "the several ugly incidents that have occurred are traceable to rapid Indianisation." It would be interesting to know where and how these frauds were committed; whether they were before the amalgamation or after; whether legal proceedings have been invariably taken against suspects regardless of the complexion of their skin. The views of people who are able to have an inside view of things do not redound to the repute of impartiality. Much is made of plausible figures by Sir Norcott Warren about the encouragement of Indians, but subordinates alone are able to watch the comic embarrassments of the foreign recruit who first wheedles the Indian clerk with the question "Will you kindly tell me how this is done?" and later on goes bully ing with the bluff: "Don't argue with me." The foreign candidate is paid the expenses of visiting the London office, whether competent or not; he is paid first class A passage (£90) while the I. C. S. man travels ordinary first-class (£75); the London man, often a stamp-licking clerk, is paid Rs. 500 per month to start his education in India, with Rs. 100 as local allowance and all the luxuries of a West End Club in the chummery run exclusively for European officers in palatial apartments at the cost of the Bank; the London man is such a born banker that he is not expected to pass even the Institute of Bankers' examination designed for under-graduates, because all he needs to do is to pass a Hindusthani test during an expensive holiday at the cost of the Bank; all the avenues of preferment are open to him and he gets the advantage of special pensions. We illustrate these points in contrast with the grudging facilities granted towards the attraction of Indians who are initially better qualified, who are firmly kept down, and who, so to speak, have to pay for the education of their masters. These differentiations must cease.

Indianisation to be effective must proceed from end to end, axially complete. Indians are, however sampled into local boards nominally to repel the reproach of exclusiveness. In Bombay there are three Indians on the local board, two in Madras and one in Bengal. Realising as we do the subsistence of the Bank upon the credit of the Indian people, we maintain that Indian influence is ridiculously small and the constructive remedies of Mr. Das' bill are wholly inadequate. It should be obligatory on the Bank to honour the pledge of Sir Malcolm Hailey by at least six concessions in practice: (1) Complete stoppage of foreign recruitment to the Eastern staff, if only for the simple reason that the glorification of callow clerks adds to the inefficiency of the bank. (2) The recruitment to the higher staff of the Bank to be made in India from amongst the graduates of the Indian universities, preferably Commerce graduates. (3) The removal of the existing differentiations between the European and the Indian in salary, service, pensions and provident fund. (4) The Deputy Secretary and Treasurers of the three circles to be Indians. (5) One of the managing governors to be an Indian. (6) The assistant manager of the London branch and not less than 50 per cent. of the assistants there to be Indians. These suggestions are prompted not by racialism but by a desire to see race-nepotism riven for the sake of justice and efficiency. If there is opposition in force, it is due to prejudice, not to the dearth of Indian talent. We are anxious to see that the annual meetings of the Imperial Bank should be a real reformative event and not an idle formality; and the authorities of the Imperial Bank will do well to forestall agitation for reform, whether unofficial or legislative, for the sake of the Bank. To shy at the obligations of Sir Malcolm Hailey's undertaking would be a breach of honour.

UNCONVINCING & DISAPPOINTING.

The deputation of mill workers which waited on the Governor on Wednesday at Poona, after pointing out how their offer of co-operation with the mill-owners had been ungenerously rejected by the latter, appealed to His Excellency to do all he could to set right the injustice meted out to them by their powerful masters. It made this appeal trusting that with his usual sympathy for the working classes he would not fail them in their hour of difficulties. The reply which Sir Leslie Wilson has given to the deputation, is such as, we are afraid, is not likely to make the workers' representatives feel that their trust in him has not been betrayed. For, beyond pious expressions of sympathy, their appeal has evoked no response from the Governor which they may reasonably regard as satisfactory. The workers' deputation had made two definite demands: first that, instead of the wage-cut short-time should be resorted to and, second, that the Government should appoint or ask the mill-owners to appoint, whichever is possible and feasible, a small committee of experts to investigate into the present plight of the industry and report upon the best way to improve it and that, pending the publication of its report, His Excellency should ask the mill-owners to withdraw the notice regarding the wage-reduction. On no valid ground could any one, taking an impartial view of the present crisis in the mill industry, regard these demands as anything but reasonable and moderate. It is surprising that Sir Leslie Wilson did not give to the alternative of short-time the careful consideration that it deserved but contented himself with repeating the stock arguments of the majority of mill-owners the weakness of which has been again and again completely exposed. That His Excellency himself, however, was not fully convinced of the soundness of these arguments is evident by his resort to a novel plea that short time would seriously affect the production of that variety of cloth which is in constant demand. The argument is ingenious and shows to what desperate lengths the mill-owners, who evidently have inspired His Excellency with this bright notion, are prepared to go to justify their callous and unfair exploitation, to the detriment of the workers' interest, of public sympathy in the industry's present difficulties largely due to Japanese competition, exchange manipulation and the Excise Duty But, we are afraid, the argument does not deserve serious consideration in view of the fact that the main burden of the mill-owners' complaint is huge accumulation of stocks. Evidently the mill-owners wish to eat their cake and also to have it. They would exploit the plea of over-production at once to penalise the workers and to secure profit for themselves. If over-production is the vital factor of the present situation, short-time is the only remedy and it is the remedy applied all the world over and even by the Bombay mill-owners in other times of difficulties. In fairness to the workers, His Excellency, in summarily rejecting their offer of short-time, should have at least referred to the fact that there are even among mill-owners far-sighted men who strongly approve of that offer.

Nor was Sir Leslie Wilson on surer grounds in dealing with the demand for enquiry into the condition of mill industry or for intervention by his Government in the present dispute. He excused himself on the ground that the Industrial Disputes Bill, under which, if enacted, his Government could take action, had to be withdrawn as the Government of India had decided that the question was an All-India one and any legislation pertaining to it should emanate from the Central Legislature. But it is curious that his Government did not consider the existence of such legislation necessary when they appointed the Macleod Committee last year, the result of whose labours was to deprive the workers of their annual bonus. The attitude of the Government of Bombay, as evidenced by Sir Leslie Wilson's reply, seems to us to be altogether untenable, especially in view of the strong opinion which His Excellency holds that "the difficulties, which the industries have so often to face in these days, cannot always be met merely by the employers making a cut in the wages and it is seldom if ever that such an action can re-establish prosperity in the industry concerned." If His Excellency held this opinion strongly he was expected to produce considerations of overwhelming weight to convince the workers and the public that the present position of the mill industry is one of those rare exceptions to which such view is not applicable. Such considerations His Excellency has failed to advance. On the contrary, there are irrefutable arguments to show that the present is a case to which the excellent counsel of His Excellency not only applies but applies in a special measure. In the first place the proposed reduction does not touch even the fringe of the problem the mill-owners have to face. For, it will give them a saving of only Rs. 6 lakhs out of their estimated monthly loss of Rs. 24 lakhs, besides the loss entailed by over-production. Secondly, the mill-owners have not proved to the satisfaction of the public that in other items of their cost of production—and wages, it is well not to forget, constitute only 10 per cent of these—they have effected all possible economies. The suicidal folly and futility of wage-reduction has nowhere been more tersely and ably demonstrated than in the following passage from Henry Ford's recent book:

"Cutting wages is the easiest and most slovenly way to handle the situation, not to speak of its being an inhuman way. It is, in effect, throwing upon labour the incompetency of the managers of the business. If we only knew it, every depression is a challenge to every manufacturer to put more brains into his business to overcome by management what other people try to overcome by wage reduction. To tamper with wages before all else is changed is to evade the real issue. And if the real issue is tackled first, no reduction of wages may be necessary. That has been my experience. The immediate practical point is that, in the process of adjustment some one will have to take a loss. And who can take a loss except those who have something which they can afford to lose. But the expression "take a loss" is rather misleading. Really no less is taken at all. If it only a giving up of a certain part of the past profit in order to gain more in the future."

These are the wise words not of an unsuccessful employer but of a successful businessman who sees before as well as after and we trust they will carefully be pondered over by our mill-owners. We fully sympathise with their present difficulties many of which are not of their own making and we and the public, whose views we express, will support them whole-heartedly in the representation they will soon be making to the Viceroy. But no fair-minded person can endorse their penalising of the workers for the several acts of omission and commission of which both the Government and they themselves are responsible. We hope, therefore, before it is too late they will recognise the wisdom of retracing the false step they have taken. The difficulties of the millowners are largely due to Japanese competition, exchange, and excise duty; but it is evident to every one who knows anything about the mill industry that even if these factors were eliminated, the industry will not be placed on a sound and stable footing until those in charge of it put their house in order. That is the most vetal issue involved in the present discussion and the workers' deputation naturally laid the greatest emphasis on it. His Excellency's reply is in no respect more unconvincing and disappointing than in the nonchalant manner in which he burked this issue and thus betrayed, we regret to say, lack of adequate realisation of the responsiblity which his Government owe to the workers of Bombay and their women and children.

Notes of the Day

Bad Models.

Dr. K. K. Dadachanji does not seem to have profited by the corrective criticism in which we combined appreciation of the purport of his lectures with light rebuke on the manner of his rhetoric. His subject is the "Indianisation of the Army in ten years" and we believe the case can be satisfactorily argued against official expedients of delay. Dr. Dadachanji is a great enthusiast but a tactless lecturer. His audience is Indian, not English. English audiences enjoy denunciations of the foreigner without a tithe, on the foreigner's part of the selfishness displayed by Britishers in India when the question of Indianisation is discussed. In his speeches, there are gleams of Anglo-Indian spite inverted. What we want is the Indianisation of the Army not the Indianization of O'Dwyer ian rancour. Mr. J. K. Mehta who presided over the meeting on Saturday, gave wholesome advice to the lecturer. We do not want zeal for Indianization to be coupled with caricatures of the foreigner: it is a good case being marred by virulent advocacy, although there is much provocation for damning epithets when Britishers plank their interest in India on selflessness or sincerity. The tone of Dr. Dadachanji is unpalatable because it reminds us of the propaganda of Britishers when they seek, as in war-time, completely to take away the character of opponents.

A Case for Enquiry.

Mr. I. N. Mehta, the Sixth Presidency Magistrate, has delivered judgment, in the case in which Sergeant Raymond of the Bombay City Police stood charged at the instance of Jala Miran with trespass, mischief and criminal intimidation. The case evoked a good deal of interest both among the City Police Force and the gambling public and the court room was always crowded with persons interested in the case. The city police felt that an inocent member of their force was being persecuted, while the opposite party seemed anxious to make an example of this petty police officer so that they might carry on their business without restriction of outside interference. When some time ago we drew attention in these columns to this police scandal Mr. P. A. Kelly, the Commissioner of Police, we understand, made enquiries into the allegations made by Sergeant Raymond against Inspector Holmes and left the matter pending till the magisterail enquiry against Sergeant Raymond was over. The judgment has now been delivered and, in view of the strictures passed by the Magistrate in this case the Commissioner of Police, we trust, will lose no time in instituting further enquiries and take drastic departmental action against the guilty officers concerned. The Magistrate remarked in his judgment that Abdul Hussein, the shop-keeper, was carrying on "satta" business under the cover of doing a small business, that he knew Inspector Holmes and early in the morning at 7-30 o'clock he went to the Inspector's private quarters to complain against Sergeant Raymond, his subordinate, that he had trespassed, intimidated and committed mischief overnight in his shop. The magistrate characterised this conduct on the part of Abdul Hussein as very unusual, especially as Inspector Holmes denied having known him before—a plea, which the magistrate refused to believe. His Worship also felt that the conduct of the Inspector was equally unusual as in a non-cognizable complaint he asked Sergeant Raymond to tender his explanation within half an hour after Abdul Hussein had filed the complaint. This is a fit case for enquiry and we have no doubt Mr. Kelly will immediately begin investigations.

POLITICS IN MAHARASHTRA.

FORCES THAT COUNT.

(BY L. G. K.)

Ever since Mr. Khadilkar left Poona for seeking journalistic reputation in Bombay, on the healthy understanding that after the death of the Lokamanya, amongst his immediate followers, it would be suicidal to follow the policy of having two kings in Brentford, he has chalked out an independent and distinguished line for himself. He decided to stand by the Gandhi idea of the regeneration of this country from within, and he has stuck to it. He preaches it without the tiresome and adventitious aid of personal abuse with which we at once became familiar in Poona. In his paper the "Nawa-kal", he shows that the Maratha spirit can as a matter of fact be harnessed to nobler conceptions of life, if only the directing agency of such a journalistic concern knows how to rise above the mean and sordid issues of personal politics. He has faith in the masses, and very little faith in the buttonholing policy, the policy of deputations to England to plead for Justice to poor India. He has shown a rare courage in coming to our cosmopolitan city and making a Marathi daily a huge success sheerly by the weight of his personality, quiet and unostentatious but very capable of producing the impression on its environment about the sincerity of its political appeal and the far sightedness of its policy. What is the secret of Mr. Khadilkar's hold on Maratha audiences? How does he exercise it? His appeal is emotional, it is conceived in the noblest strains of necessity to sacrifice. The bargaining and the *quid pro quo* are not given a superior place. His style is highly flexible, his imagery constantly rejuvenating itself from the picturesque stories of the Pauranic period never fails to attract. His secret of success as a playwright has lain in his quick knowledge of what the Maharashtra public wants. Using that knowledge he has tried to educate its literary taste and political views. An earlier generation of bureaucrats took exception and offence ti his play "Kichak Wadha," in which they read ridicule of the English. The ban made Mr. Khadilkar's reputation. He did not fail to consolidate it. He stands out to-day as a Mahratta leader free from the parochial pettiness which is the besetting sin of Poona politics. Perhaps his wide travels,—he spent a few useful months of literary observation in Nepal some years ago—has enabled him to shake off the Poona angularities.

The Berar Leaders.

Two prominent names stand out in Berar politics of the present day, Mr. Aney of Yeotmal, and Dr. Munje of Nagpur. They have been the active workers in advanced politics for the last twenty years. They were the men on whom Tilak depended upon the organisation of forces. Old Mr. Khaparde was his life-long friend. His learning, his ready wit, his shrewdness were always at his service. But Mr. Khaparde, not inaccurately called the Nabob of Amraoto, is a *viveur*, a man to whom the dismal dirge of 'suffer, suffer" is anathema. It is to Mr Aney and Dr. Munjo that the credit is due of guiding Tilak politics, in Berar and in the Marathi speaking C. P. districts, and the influence of these two active politicians, with a thoroughly practical outlook on political lige has considerably influenced the course of politics in the Hindustani speaking portion of the Central Provinces. If in all the atmosphere of personal distrust based upon linguistic difference and territorial prejudices, there is some appreciation to-day, when the baits offered with the hope of creating disruption are so many, of the necessity of a united front in the Nationalist camp in the C. P. Legislative Council, the credit of keeping up that front is due to Dr. Munje's tactics, and the remarkable pressure of public opinion which Mr. Aney can bring to bear upon nationalist politics from Berar. Mr. Aney is a man of character. He wields an amount of moral force as straight man, who will call a spade a spade, whose politics is courageous and overboard, who cannot be

(Continued on page 8.)

ITALY AND AFGHANISTAN.

DIPLOMATIC RUPTURE IMMINENT

MINISTERS WITHDRAWN.

LONDON, Aug. 16.

The "Sunday Times'" diplomatic correspondent writes that a diplomatic rupture between Italy and Afghanistan is imminent and that at any moment it may be announced. The Italian Minister has left Kabul and the Afghan Minister has left Rome.—Reuter.

NIKOLAIDES' MURDER.

PERSONAL REVENGE, MOTIVE.

COFIA, August 16.

An enquiry into the murder of Nikolaides has come to the decision that the murderer was a refugee from Macedonia, who was domiciled at Stanimaka and who has quarrelled with Nikolaides. Most of the murderer's accomplices have been arrested. The enquiry has decided that the motive of the crime is personal revenge.—Reuter.

[An Athens cable dated August 3, reported that Graeco-Bulgarian tension had arisen owing to the murder of a Greek landowner named Nikolaides by a Bulgarian, by name Comitadgis Stanamaks. The message continued: The Greek Foreign Minister has declared that the murder was intended to terrorise the five thousand Greeks in Bulgaria due to emigrate before 15th October under the agreement after liquidating property so as to compel them to leave Bulgaria earlier and abandon their properties which, it is alleged, the Bulgarian irregulars are ready to occupy.

Greece has asked Bulgaria to arrest and punish the murderers, but as Bulgaria seems to treat the matter lightly, it has been deemed necessary to reinforce the frontier troops in order to protect the Greek emigrants.

The Bulgarian Minister at Athens is reported to have declared that the Greek Government is exaggerating the importance of the murder.

GREEK PREMIER'S DENIAL.

An Athens cable dated Aug. 4 stated that General Gangalos, Premier, denied the report that Greeks crossed the Bulgarian frontier.]

PORTUGUESE INDIA.

COMPULSORY MILITARY SERVICE TO BE RESTORED.

LISBON, Aug. 16.

It is stated that compulsory military service is being restored in Portuguese India.—Reuter.

NOT TO MARRY AGAIN?

REPORTED VOW OF KEMAL PASHA.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 15.

Mustapha Kemal Pasha has, it is reported, taken a vow not to marry again. He is allowing Latifeh Hanoum £5,000 compensation.—Reuter.

TEXTBOOKS IN PRIMARY SCHOOLS.

NOTICE AGAINST BROACH MUNICIPALITY.

AHMEDABAD, August 16.

The "Prajabandhu" a local weekly understands that the Broach municipality has been served with an order under Section 174 of the Bombay District Municipal Act by the Collector of Broach for using in its schools the third reading book of the Gujerat Vidyapith (National University) series which is not sanctioned by the Education department.—A. P.

SIR ATUL ON INDIAN PAVILION AT WEMBLEY.

LONDON, Aug. 15.

Interviewed after his extensive tour of the Indian Pavilion, Sir Atul Chatterjee said he believed that Wembley would prove valuable to Indian trade in the fine arts class of goods as a means of gauging European and American requorements. He expressed the opinion that several smaller indigenous industries would benefit greatly, notably, toys which hitherto unknown in England were now finding a ready market; also hand-made lace in which excellent trade was being done which would probably lead to a big regular demand. Sir Atul Chatterjee admitted that the Pavilion did not furnish an adequate presentation of largen industries but gave an interesting and valuable idea of the extent of smaller arts and crafts.—Reuter.

"ABSURD CLAIMS."

ABDEL KARIM'S "IMPERTINENCE"

SPANISH PRESIDENT'S NOTE

LONDON, Aug. 16.

Madrid.—Following the French Government's recent exposition of the situation in Morocco, the President of the Spanish Directory has issued a note laying stress on Spain's desire for peace but emphasising Abdel Karim's "absurd and inadmissible claims" like absolute and unconditional independence of the Riff and other demands "which can only be formulated by someone who like Abdel Karim does not want peace because he lives prosperous by war."

The Note points out that the French and the Spanish Governments have drafted bases for peace including an "ample liberal measure of autonomy for the rebel zone under the sovereignty of the Sultan of Morocco." Although there have been no negotiations the French and the Spanish Governments are convinced that Abdel Karim knows these bases for peace but insists on the independence of the Riff as a preliminary. The Note concluded by saying "May God grant reason to fools who are leading their country to ruin!"—Reuter.

SPANISH LANDING AT ALEHUCEMAS.

40,000 REINFORCEMENTS DESPATCHED

SOFIA, August 16.

"Le Journal" publishes a message from Madrid to the effect that all preparations have now been completed for the Spanish landing at Alhucemas, which has been definitely fixed for the 24th August. Forty-thousand reinforcements have been despatched to undertake the operation.—Reuter.

A FRENCH BOAST.

"MORAL VICTORY."

LONDON, Aug. 14.

Reuter's special corespondent who arrived to-day at Tangier from Sukelarba near the scene of the fighting in the Wezzan region telegraphs that at the threat of the French advance on an extensive scale with tanks the Riffians have fled northwards and local tribes have surrendered. A complete moral victory of the French has made an excellent impression and rendered the fertile Charb district secure.—Reuter.

MARSHAL PETAIN.

PARIS, Aug. 14.

Marshal Petain will leave for Morocco on the 20th August.—Reuter.

"WE SHALL LIVE AND DIE FOR RELIGION".

IBN SAUD'S LETTER TO MOULANA MAHOMED ALI.

The following letter has been received by Moulana Mahomed Ali from Sultan Ibb Saud:—

From, Abdul Aziz Ibn Abdur Rahman of the House of Faisal-us Saud.

To our dear learned brother, Mahomed Ali.

"Greetings from Him be upon you who admires you and appreciates your attainments and thanks God for the greatest blessing which He has bestowed upon you, and that is, your religious devotion. In these critical times to stand by religion is to play with fire.

The followers of Islam are divided amongst themselves and their religious unity has been shattered. The causes leading to this state of affairs are the differences amongst ourselves, our remoteness from religion, and our abandonment of the path of our ancestors. The remedy for these evils lies in nothing else than our holding fast the rope of God's religion. "God does not help any race which does not help itself," and, the renaissance of our religion is possible with the help of those ideals alone with which it began.

The goal of our life is to uphold the name of God and to see our religion glorious. This is our choice and in this lies our greatness. God willing, we shall live for it, and die for it, and God will help those who help His religion. I thank you for your great efforts for the freedom of Jazirat-ul-Arab and the practical steps you took in that conection at a time when even the Arabs had forgotten themselves. May God give you good reward for it!

Your bretheren, the representatives of the Central Khilafat Committee, and the Jamait-ul-Ulema, came to us and had a discussion with us on questions of utmost importance and they will put before you the results of their knowledge gained after study during their short stay in the Holy Places.

May God give us strength to accomplish things in which He is pleased. May God keep you alive for long!"

MR. SAKLATVALA M. P.

A PLOT TO KIDNAP

BODY GUARD OF 200 COMMUNISTS.

The "Statesman" publishes the following special cable from London dated August 13:—

According to the *Daily Graphic* "anti-Reds" during the last few days have been attempting to kidnap the Member of the House of Commons, Mr. S. Saklatvala (Com. Battersea) who is now escorted to meetings by a body-guard of 200 Communists.

APOSTLE OF FREEDOM.

SIR SURENDRANATH'S SERVICES TO INDIA.

CALCUTTA Aug. 15.

All Bengal expressed its condolence to-day at the death of their recognised leader Sir Surendranath Banerjea. An unusually crowded meeting was held at the Town Hall under the presidency of the Maharajdhiraj of Burdwan at which representatives of all parties, officials and non-officials, European and Indian, Liberals and Swarajists and all communities included a large number of ladies were present. Resolutions were passed expressing the deep and abiding sense of loss sustained by the country at the remise of Sir Surendranath Banerjea, the high priest of Indian nationalism and the apostle of freedom. The Maharajdhiraj of Burdwan in a short speech said that there were national calamities and national calamities but one of the greatest of such calamities was when they lost a leader among men. The late Sir Surendranath was not only the accrediated leader of the Liberal Party in Bengal but was one of the founders of Indian Nationalism. But this was not the time to merely mourn. They had a great duty namely to "advance India but by constitutional methods."

MAHATMAJI'S TRIBUTE.

Mahatma Gandhi in moving the first resolution of condolence said he had the honour of making the acquaintance of the late departed leader in 1896 whom he came from South Africa on a temporary visit. He studied him at close quarters and had watched him addressing huge crowds that used to hang upon his words during those days. He was indipeasable at every meeting and he was needed for every national deliberation to fire the enthusiasm of his countrymen. It made no difference that the might not see eye to eye with such an illustrious man. If they had not laid the foundation they could not do what they were doing to-day. They set in those days the example of diplomacy. Mr. Gandhi emphasised that political freedom involved contact with every department of life and appealed to the audience to touch the national life in every department and then they will have sufficiently revered the memory of the great patriot.

Sir Hubert Carr in seconding the resolution emphasised that their gratitude had gone forth to him because of the consistent attitude he held when the constitution of the country was definitely headed in the direction for which he had striven in earlier years.

The resolution was further supported by a large number of speakers including Mr. Sen Gupta, Mr. B. Chakravarty, Sir Alexander Murray, Mr. Bepin Chander Pal and Mr. J. L. Banerji.

A resolution was also passed to perpetuate the memory in a suitable manner and a representative committee was formed.

An overflow meeting was held outside the Town Hall where a large number of speakers addressed the gathering.—A. P.

INCURSIONS INTO PERSIAN TERRITORY.

TURKISH DENIAL.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 16.

The report that the Turks have made incursions into Persian territory is authoritatively denied. It is believed that the mistake originated in the Turkish request for handing over to her of the fugitives crossing the frontier.—Reuter.

CONSPIRATORS' EXECUTION.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug 16.

The execution will be carried out, at dawn, of eleven persons charged with conspiracy against the Republic.

The Tribunal of Independence at Angora has sentenced seven others to penal servitude for periods ranging from 4 to 15 years. 19 others were acquitted.—Reuter.

RESOLUTION ON DEATH OF MR. DAS.

MADRAS, Aug. 15.

"The Swarajya" understands that the resolution on the death of Deshbandhu Das, notice of which was given by Mr. C. V. S. Narasimha Raju, leader of the Opposition, in the Madras Council, has been disallowed.—A. P.

SWARAJIST DEFEATS.

A BREEZE IN COUNCIL

PRESIDENT AND SUPPLEMENTARY QUESTIONS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA Aug. 15.

The Swarajists sustained several defeats yesterday after their first set back in the presidential election. Amendments supported by the Swarajists to the Dacca University Bill were rejected; supplementary demands under heads of general administration etc. submitted by Government were accepted.

The Swarajists fought several issues to a division but in every case they were defeated, Government being in the majority by between ten and five votes. The defeat is attributed to some Independents and Liberals joining hands with Government. A slight breeze between the president and Messrs. S. N. Haldar and A. C. Banerjea took place during the question time. Mr. Haldar asked why the Government were not prepared to disclose their reasons in connexion with a matter referred to in a supplementary question. The President said that Mr. Haldar knew that the Government were not prepared to disclose the reasons.

Mr. Haldar: May I know the reason.

The President: Order, order.

Mr. J. M. Sengupta? May I ask a supplementary question? Would the Hon Member be prepared to give the reasons why he did not disclose the names.

The Hon. Sir Hugh Stephenson: The reasons are obvious to the house.

Mr. A. C. Banerjea. On a point of order, Sir. What are the reason

The President: Order, order. Next question please.

Mr. Sen Gupta: On a point of order Sir. If a question is put should not the Hon. member to whom the question is addressed be allowed to answer it?

The President: Mr. Sen Gupta, you are the leader of the opposition here and I appeal to you to help me in the discharge of my duties. Survey you understand what are relevant questions and what are not. If I make a mistake you can see me in my chambers and explain matters and, if necessary, I shall be willing to acknowledge my mistake.

Mr. A. C. Banerjea: On a point of orde Sir. What happened to my question.

The President: order, order. There can be no point of order in the matter o question. When I say 'order, order' the matter is finished. Next question, please

Mr. Haldar was heard to remark "you may just as well stop all supplementary questions."

PRINCE AT MONTEVIDEO.

MONTEVIDEO, Aug. 15.

This morning, the Prince of Wales, accompanied by Mr. Serrato and other high officials visited the vault in the central cemetery where repose the remains of Uruguay's Presidents and national heroes, and placed a wreath at the tomb of Artigas, the "Liberator of Uruguay." The ceremony was brief and simple. Afterwards His Royal Highness visited the British Hospital. Later, he was entertained at a luncheon by the British Colony.—Reuter's Special.

RECEIVES A DELEGATION.

The Prince of Wales' first day ashore was crowded with engagements in a holiday-making in the capital. After his visit to the cattle show the Prince was given reception by the British Colony and danced enthusiastically until he retired to receive a delegation of the British Chamber of Commerce at his resident in Tarnace Palace. Later, he was given an official banquet at Government House, after which he attended the gala performance of the National Theatre, winding up with a ball at Uruguay Club where he met leaders of Uruguayan society

ENTERTAINMENTS.

MONTEVIDO, Aug. 16.

Three hundred guests tumultuously applauded the Prince of Wales. Replying to the toast of his health at a luncheon given by the British Colony, the Prince said in Spanish "Many thanks for the fine reception. Long Live Uruguay!"

The guests responded by singing "For he is a jolly good fellow."

The Prince of Wales this afternoon laid the foundation stone at the New British school in the presence of President Serrato and the Minister of Education and then attended a reception by the Services Association.

In the evening the Prince held a reception at the Tarando Palace. The Prince was very popular and crowds were waiting for hours in the streets to see him.—Reuter.

TEXTILE CRISIS.

OWNERS TO MEET VICEROY

JOINT DEPUTATION FROM BOMBAY AND AHMEDABAD.

SIMLA, August 16.

His Excellency the Viceroy will receive a joint deputation of the Bombay and Ahmedabad Mill-owners' Associations on th 24th instant.—A. P.

DEPUTATION WAITS UPON GOVERNOR.

A DEFINITE ASSURANCE.

POONA, Aug. 15.

A deputation of the Millowners' Association, Bombay, consisting of Mr. N. N. Wadia, C.I.E., Chairman of the Association, Sir Fazulbhai Currimbhoy, Mr. Stones, Mr. Laljee Naranjee and Mr. H. P. Mody met His Excellency the Governer and the Hon. Mr. Cowasji Jehangir, General Member at the Council Hall, Poona, at 11-30 a.m. to-day, at His Excellency's request to discuss the present situation in the mill industry. The deputation stated that it was impossible to anticipate the trend of future events in the industry and the members of the Association must reserve to themselves the right to reconsider the position and take such action as they may consider necessary from time to time. The Deputation, however, undertook that if and when the position of the industry improved and if other conditions remained the same, it was their definite intention to reinstate the present cut in wages. The Deputation also agreed to discuss the position further with the representatives of the operatives when there was a change in the circumstances.—A.P.

UNTOUCHABILITY REMOVED?

PUBLIC TANKS THROWN OPEN TO ALL IN TRAVANCORE STATE.

TRIVANDRUM, Aug. 15.

The Travancore Legislative Council passed an amended resolution urging the throwing open of all public tanks except those belonging to the temples to all persons in the State. Another resolution relating to the conducting of an economic and industrial survey was lost. The Council then prorogued.—A. P.

ANOTHER TRAIN COLLISION

ONE KILLED: FIFTY INJURED.

PARIS, Aug. 14.

Two trains converging from different lines collided to-day at St. Denis. One person was killed and 50 were injured.—Reuter.

LONDON, Aug. 15.

The smash at St. Denis was between a train from Lille and the Cologne express. The impact was terrific and the former's guard's van was reduced to matchwood and two coaches overturned. The death roll is now two.—Reuter.

BAWLA CASE PETITION.

CERTIFICATE REFUSED.

The Advocate-General has announced his decision on the petition submitted on behalf of the Bawla case prisoners for leave to appeal to the Full Bench of the Bombay High Court. The certificate asked for was refused. The only remedy of the prisoners now lies before the Privy Council.

WOOLLEN TEXTILE DISPUTE SETTLED

LONDON, Aug. 14.

An agreement has been reached in the woollen textile dispute providing for the resumption of work at the old rate of wages pending an agreement based on the findings of the court of investigation. Reuter.

FEISUL ARRIVES IN FRANCE.

MARSEILLES, Aug. 16.

King Feisul has arrived here.—Reuter.

CALBE ITEMS.

London, August 15.—The Postmaster-General announces that the contractors are due to complete the receiving station at Skegness and also transmitting station at Grimsby by 8th May, 1926.—Reuter's Special.

MINERS DISSATISFIED.

NO REPRESENTATION ON INQUIRY COMMITTEE

PREMIER'S REPLY.

LONDON, Aug. 14.

The officials of the Miners' Federation conferred with Mr. Baldwin for two hours at 10, Downing Street this afternoon with regard to the Coal Commission after which an official statement was issued stating that the deputation fully stated their view that the personnel of the Commission should include the representatives of the miners and the mineowners. The Premier after explaining that the terms of reference would be drawn to allow the fullest and widest enquiry stated that Government was satisfied that in order to secure an impartial and authoritative report the proper policy was to appoint a small and impartial commission assisted by technical assessors with the intention that the commission itself should arrange for interested parties to be represented at the taking of evidence and have adequate assistance in the elucidation of facts. The deputation was dissatisfied with the reply but expressed its intention of participating in the enquiry.—Reuter.

"HOW ARE THE MIGHTY FALLEN"!

PLIGHT OF STINNES' CONCERN.

BERLIN, Aug. 15

"How are the mighty fallen" makes a suitable headling for the plight of the heirs to the late industrial king of Germany, Hugo Stinnes, whose eldest son, Herr Edmund Stinnes, to-day, was hard pressed to pay £5,000 in wages to 2,000 employees of his motor car works at Berlin owing to the refusal of the banks to grant further credit. Edmund has appealed to the Prussian Government for a loan of three million marks to avoid the closing down of the works, and is approaching another Bank to advance the wages due to-day.—Reuter.

PRESENT OF SHARES TO WORKERS.

EDMUND STINNES' MOVE.

BERLIN, Aug. 15.

Believing that the Banks' refusal of further credits to his motor works in Berlin is due to his holding 65 per cent of shares therein, Herr Edmund Stinnes has presented half of them, amounting in value to two million marks, to workers, though the present has not yet been accepted.—Reuter's Special.

TARIFF CONFERENCE IN CHINA.

ATTITUDE OF JAPAN AND U. S. A. FRANCE.

LONDON, Aug. 15.

Little progress has hitherto been made in summoning a Tariff Conference in China notwithstanding the frequent informal conversations at Washington, London, Tokio and Paris. Inspired reports from Tokio reveal the concern over America's reported intention in favour of extending the scope of the conference to include the consideration of a complete Chinese Tariff autonomy. These runiours have elicited a statement from Washington that such a suggestion was mentioned in the course of conversations but only as emanating from China, whereas the United States favour a conference without a definite agenda beyond that embodied in the Washington Treaty but are willing to consider the inclusion of autonomy with the reservation of the American decision until after the discussion has been held.—Reuter.

RUMOURS ABOUT CHINESE ATTITUDE.

"BIG COMMITTEE TO BE FORMED"

PEKING, Aug. 15.

An official definition of the Chinese attitude is not obtainable, but rumours are not lacking. The latest report suggests the formation of a big committee including the Ministers for Foreign Affairs and Finance, the Chinese heads of customs, experienced diplomats and financial experts with the object of helping to checkmate the growing influence of extremists who demand that China should stand out for a complete tariff autonomy.—Reuter.

CAMPAIGN FOR EMPIRE GOODS.

LONDON, Aug. 15.

Stressing the indispensability of Cooperation of the "Empire's Housekeepers," if a campaign in favour of Empire products is to be successful, the Empire Union in a letter to the press suggests the formation of Women's Empire Purchasing Committees in all towns and villages throughout the country to exert pressure on shopkeepers to stock Empire goods.—Reuter's Special.

REVOLUTION FEARED

GRAVE SITUATION IN BOMBAY

RENT ACT MUST BE AMENDED

A public meeting of the citizens of Bombay was held on Sunday in the Marwadi Vidyalaya to protest against the non-extension of the Rent Act, Mr. Balubhai T. Desai presiding.

In opening the proceedings, Mr. Balubhai T. Deshi said they had been protesting against the decontrolling of the rents in Bombay and had been carrying on a persistent propaganda for the continuance of the Rent Act for all these days and if his memory did not fail him they had held no less than seventy meetings in the city. But unfortunately, for them their efforts had borne no fruit. There were many reasons for the same, but the two chief forces were the Government and the vested interests. There was no Act for the business premises and the residential premises had absolutely no protection. The result of decontrolling the rents was too fresh in their minds; the plight of the petty shopkeepers and traders was too evident. There were two reasons why their agitation had no effect on the Government. Firstly, there were the powerful representatives of the vested interests, and secondly, the composition of the present Legislative Council whereby the Government could very ably play either the non-Brahmin party or the Sindhi Muslim *bloc* against the Swarajist Party and thus defeat any popular measure. The antics of both these reactionary *blocs* had become so nauseating to any decent man that as a measure of showing their complete disapproval of their attitude and at the same time to teach these *blocs* a good lesson the Swarajist Party refused to take any part in the Council proceedings, on the last three days of the Council session. That was a very manly step and would teach both the Government and the reactionary gentlemen to return to sanity. But the most important reason was their Government was not based on popular will and was not responsible to the people, and unless they had changed the system of Government there was no hope of their grievances being redressed.

In conclusion, Mr. Desai referred to the signal service done by the Swaraj Party and specially Mr. K. F. Nariman and Dr. Welkar, who had spared no pains to fight the tenant's cause.

AMENDMENT NECESSARY.

Mr. Manekji C. Patel moved the first resolution, which ran as follows:—

(a) This public meeting of the tenants of Bombay, held under the auspices of the Bombay Rent Act Committee, places on record its emphatic condemnation of the attitude taken up by Government and more particularly the Hon. General Member in connection with the Rent Act Bill recently passed into law by the legislature, and expresses its utmost indignation at the attitude adopted by the non-Brahmin Party led by Mr. A. N. Surve, in the Council and is of opinion that those members who have voted against the amendment of Mr. Nariman intended to improve the Bill have forfeited the confidence of their electorate.

(b) This meeting accords its best thanks to Mr. Nariman for his selfless devotion to the tenants' cause and requests him and other members of the Swaraj Party to forthwith bring in a new Bill to amend the Rent Act as passed so as to raise the limit of rental control from Rs. 85 to Rs. 250 as in Calcutta and to eliminate the clauses regarding the successive annual increases in rent and this meeting earnestly desires that every endeavour should be made by the Swarajist members and their leader Mr. M. R. Jayakar to see that the amending Bill as suggested above is passed into law before the expiry of the present Act.

REVOLUTION FEARED.

Mr. Manekji Patel, in moving the resolution narrated, in brief, the circumstances in which the new Rent Act was passed by the Council which had failed in its duty towards the bulk of the population of this city. He described the parts played by the landlords and Non-Brahmin *Bloc*. As for the Swarajists, Mr. Patel was gratified that they as a party had voted *en bloc* for the tenants' cause. Mr. M. R. Jayakar, the leader of the party, also had voted in favour of the popular cause. It was, however, noticed with regret that during the three days' debate in the Council on the Rent Act, Mr. Jayakar made not a single speech in favour of the tenants. He remained absolutely dumb and acted as if he had no heart in the business. If he had actively espoused the tenants' cause victory would have surely crowned the efforts of Messrs. Nariman and Welkar. Mr. Baptista's sympathies for the tenants were also lukewarm. He made good humorous speeches against the landlords, no doubt, but at the time of voting he was always absent from his place. Mr. Baptista was an enigma to many people. Did he yearn for crumbs from the official table? Mr. Joe Addyman's attitude in the Council was also very strange and surprising. As the erst-while President of the now defunct Tenants' Association it might have been expected that he would warmly espouse the cause of the tenants in the Council. He did nothing of the kind. The majority of the Mahomedan members voted with Government.

Proceeding, the speaker gave a warning to all concerned and said: "If the Rent Act Bill recently passed into law by the legislature is not amended in the next October session of the Council and is allowed to stand on the Statute Book as it is a very grave situation will arise in Bombay at the end of the current year. All tenants paying a monthly rental of more than Rs. 85 on the 1st January, 1916 or Rs 102 at the present moment will be either ejected from their premises or will have to agree to pay enhanced rents from the 1st January, 1926, which, judging by our recent experience of non-residential premises, will not be anything less than 200 per cent. in a great majority of cases. There will be a regular revolution in the City."

Mr. Patel, concluding, said that the remedy for the present scandalous state of affairs in the Council lay in the hands of the electorate. "If at the next election due caution is exercised by the electors in choosing their representatives in the Council, it is possible that there might be a popular majority in the Council.

Dr. Kaikhashru K. Dadachanji, who seconded the resolution, characterized the action of the Hon. Mr. Cowasji Jehangir in actually dragging members to go into Government lobby as an action calculated to demoralise public life. He had no hopes of any good coming out of the present system of diarchial government.

Mr. Nabibulla, who supported the resolution, also condemned the part played by the Hon. Mr. Cowasji Jehangir, as well as that played by the Sindhi Muslim *bloc* and the non-Brahmin party. He exhorted the audience to try all constitutional methods to get their grievances redressed, but failing that he would request them to resort to extra-constitutional measures and not to be content till their grievances were removed.

SWARAJISTS' POLICY APPROVED.

Mr. Mohanlal Desai moved the second resolution which ran as follows:—

This meeting indignantly protests against the attitude which the Government thought fit to adopt towards Dr. M. B. Welkar's motion for leave to introduce his Bill for the reapplication of the Rent Acts to non-residential premises at the present session of the Bombay Legislative Council and emphatically condemns the attitude of the non-Brahmins and other non-official members of the Council who failed to vote in favour of the said motion and is of opinion that the Government's new policy of rejecting motions for leave to introduce Bills is a dangerous encroachment on the right of the members of the Council and is calculated to do inconceivable harm to public interests. This meeting is further of opinion that the resolution of the Swarajists to participate in its farcical proceedings is participate in its farcical proceedings is prudent and this meeting entirely approves of their policy in this connection.

Mr. Dubash seconded the resolution which being further supported by Mr. Damodar Haridas was passed unanimously.

The meeting terminated late in the night.

POLITICS IN MAHARASHTRA.

(Continued from page 6.)

tricked into acquiescene of a policy he cannot believe in, either by bait or by threat. His organising capacity is as great as his power of making impassioned speeches in Marathi which rouse his audience to a pitch of enthusiasm for the Tilak tradition of meeting blow with blow, but he has always been keen on employing every avenue of conciliation with other nationalistic forces in the country. A very recent discussion with him deepened my belief in his strong sense of unity of all parties. He will be only too glad if the Congress can so frame its constitution that even the mildest Moderate can again enter it.

Dr. Munje.

Dr. Munje, the acknowledged head of nationalist forces in Nagpur for so many years, is a diplomat. The tactical merits of a political move are quickly discerned by him. The bearded figure watching a company of angry disputants, some keen on meeting changed situations with a change in stratagem, others anxious to show continuous devotion with pledges given and watched over zealously by nationalists all over, says little but means much. All the time the penetrating eye is studying the varying faith behind the mentalities debating in his presence. Dr. Munje not only can sum up a situation with nationalistic forces in the country but with a very unerring accuracy, he has the very rare quality of patiently listening to mutually diverging interests in the party he leads, allowing them unusual freedom in action up to a certain definite point, and then show his determination to drive the very mixed team with a firm hand. Recent developments in C. P. politics go to prove how well he can drive it, under apparently very adverse conditions.

OFFICAL AND PERSONAL.

Mr. C. Y. Chintamani arrived at Calcutta on Saturday for the meeting of the Council of the Liberal Federation to be held to-day at the Indian Association Hall.

Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru and other members of the Council of the Federation will arrive at Calcutta this morning.

Surdar Sardul Singh Vaveeshar a prominent non-co-operator and Sikh leader, who was sentenced to five years' imprisonment in 1920 for sedition was released from Mianwali jail, on Saturday. He reaches Lahore to-day.

Major-General H. A. V. Cummins, Sir Henry Macnaughton, Mr. K. C. Rushton and Mr. A. K. Graham arrived at Government House, Gomeshkhind on Friday the 14th August

The Governor of Bombay received Representatives of the Millowners' Association at the Council Hall, Poona, on Saturday.

Colonel G. G. Loch and Colonel M. R. Walsh lunched at Government House, Ganeshkhind, on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Baldwin have left for Aix-les-Bains for a month's holiday.

A DILEMMA.

RELEASE OF AKALI PRISONERS

QUESTION OF JAILED LEADERS.

AMRITSAR, Aug. 13.

Almost all Akalis who arrived here from Nabha a few days ago have left the city and the main problem confronting the Akali leaders and the S. G. P. C. is that of the release of the jailed leaders. If the question is one of a dilemma with the Government it has equally puzzled the Akali leaders who can neither let go the solution which is but their own creation nor forego the release of their prisoners. They have voiced their determination that they cannot agree to any undertaking verbal or written. The S. G. P. C. or the leaders in jail are, however, willing to make a public declaration covering in general the lines chalked out by the prescribed undertaking. Both sides are, however, busy about it and it is hoped that some solution of the difficulty may be evolved.—A. P.

ALL INDIA CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

RANCHI, Aug. 15.

It is understood that the forthcoming meeting of the All-India Congress Committee will be held at Patna either on the 22nd and 23rd September or on the 1st and 2nd October.—A.P.

FRESH AIR FOR COUNCILLORS.

An unusual system of air ventilation installed in the London County Council Hall in London, makes it possible for each member of the Council to control, independently from his desk, the condition of the air immediately surrounding him. This is accomplished by an arrangement of supply and extraction openings, placed so that by manipulation of a lever beneath the desk the occupant can direct the flow of air upon himself or upward into the general atmosphere. Thus the air of the chamber constantly is being removed and renewed. The entering air is heated and humidified in the winter; cooled and dehumidified in the summer. The apparatus for wtshing and conditioning the air is situated under the Council Chamber.

INDIAN NEWS IN BRIEF.

In a condolence meeting of the staff and students held yesterday at the Rajaram College, Kolhapur a resolution was passed placing on record its profound sense of sorrow at the irreparable loss sustained by the sad demise of the Grand Old Man of Indit, Sir Surendra Nath Bannerjea.

* * *

Swami Krishnanand, President, District Congress Committee, Karachi, and member of the A. I. C. C. who was arrested about two months ago under Sec 107 C. P. C., for making certain speeches among the N. W. Railway strikers and who was in jail as an undertrial prisoner, was released on the 10th instant from jail. The case against him was withdrawn by the police.

* * *

The total mortality from epidemic diseases reported during the week ending Saturday the 8th instant, in the C. P. amounted to 24 against 19 in the preceding week.

* * *

The defamation case of "Pranveer" a bi-weekly of the Central Provinces, was taken up before Mr. Gupta, second class Magistrate, Betul, on 10th and 11th instant when ten more defence witnesses were examined. The next hearing is fixed for 25th, 26th, and 27th instant for argument.

* * *

Mr. Brown, Joint Magistrate, Cawnpore, delivered judgment on Saturday, in the case of Ramzanali, a prominent worker of the local Mazdur Sabha. He convicted and sentenced the accused to nine months' rigorous imprisonment and Rs. 150 fine. Appeal has been filed in the Judge's Court and the accused has been released on bail.

* * *

Madras, Aug. 15.—Dewan Bahadur Venkatratnam Naidu, Vice-Chancellor of the University of Madras and Mr. Grieve, Director of Public Instruction, have been nominated as special members of the Madras Legislative Council in connection with the passage of the University Bill which the Minister for Education will introduce in the coming session.—A. P.

* * *

Agra, Aug. 15.—Mr. Walton, Joint Magistrate, Agra has concluded the hearing of the sensational case in which a telegraph official named O'Hara was under trial for having run over and killed a Mahomedan boy while motoring near the Taj Mahal during the Btkrid fair. O'Hara was fined Rs. 250 and the Magistrate has asked the police to cancel his driving license.—A. P.

CALCUTTA CORPORATION

SPLIT AMONG SWARAJISTS

MUSLIMS RESIGN FROM MUNICIPAL ASSN.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 15.

The deplorable step of the Hindu Swarajists councillors to exhume the body of a Mahomedan saint, after eight months when nothing but a few imperishable bones are left underneath the ground, has resulted in the resignation of eight Mahomedan Swarajists members from the Congress Municipal Association. This is bound to fan the communal flame as exhumation itself is heartrending. Great excitement was caused last night, when it was learnt that as a protest against the decision of the Swaraj Party to exhume the body of the New Market saint seven Muslim Swarajists councillors resigned from the party and it is expected others who were not present at last night's meeting will also follow suit. It will be remembered that there are eleven Muslim Swarajist councillors in the Corporation, of whom eight have sent in letters of resignation to the Secretary of the Municipal Association. The resignation of Mr. A. Razzaque is of special significance, for he has always been through and through Swarajist in the Corporation. It was he who proposed Mr. C. R. Das to the Mayoralty and again Mr. Sen Gupta. It is understood that Muslim councillors offered Rs. 20,000 as compensation to the Corporation if exhumation were abandoned. The councillors make it a special point of their grievance that they helped the Swarajists to form the party, and are now being treated in this way inspite of clear *fatwas* of such persons as Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Shah Syed Abdul Rauf and Dr. A. Suhrawardhy to the contrary.

COMMITTEE'S RECOMMENDATIONS APPROVED.

MAHOMEDANS WALK OUT AS PROTEST.

CALCUTTA, Aug. 15.

At their meeting on Friday the Corporation of Calcutta were asked to consider further the recommendations of the Market Burial Special Committee and to pass orders.

Rai Ramtaran Banerjee Bahadur moved the adoption of the recommendations of the Special Committee appointed to consider the matter of the burial in the Sir Stuart Hogg Market. He characterised this act as a great outrage to the city of Calcutta. Continuing the speaker said they had spent ten months over this question

Mr. Stewart Smith in asking the House to accept the recommendations of the Special Committee said he did not do so simply on legal opinion. The matter was of a far deeper significance than the question whether the Corporation should be master in its own House or not or whether it should submit to the dictation of a minority. The best way they could re-establish some of the prestige they had undoubtedly lost was by taking their courage in both hands and doing what they considered to be right.

Mr. Razak opposed all the recommendations of the Special Committee and moved five amendments.

The Mayor however ruled that as Mr. Razak's amendments negatived the recommendations of the committee he ruled them out of order.

Mr. Razak submitted that the committee based their recommendation on the evidence of a Christian who did not dare to give his name to the committee and who spoke simply from heresay as to what he had heard from his mother some twenty or twenty-five years ago. Mr. Razmak did not understand how the Corporation would be benefited by exhuming the body after ten months.

Mr. Syed Nasim Ali moved an amendment that in view of the findings of the report of the Special Committee the Chief executive officer be authorised to take legal steps in court for righting the wrong alleged to have been committed by the burial of Fakir in the Sir Stuart Hogg Market.

The Mayor ruled the amendment out of order as it did not arise out of the resolution before the House.

Mr. Nasim Ali: "May I be permitted to explain my position?"

Mayor: "You will be permitted to explain your position but you will not be permitted to speak on your amendment

Mr. Nasim Ali: "I do not move my amendment."

All the Mahomedan councillors then walked out of the Counci Chamber in a body with the exception of the Deputy Mayor and Mr. Unsud Dewla.

TWO MONTHS FOR CONSIDERATION.

Mr. S. C. Bose moved an amendment that having regard to the fact that the Mahomedan Community are claiming that the deceased was a member of their community and that no other community is claiming the body of the deceased this House requests the Mahommedan community in general and in particular those who took part in the burial to exhume and remove the body within two months from the date and that the Chief Executive Officer do give all facilities for that purpose and that if no such steps be taken within the time aforesaid the Chief Executive Officer be requested to take necessary steps to exhume the body and bury it in a proper place.

He asked the House to give his Mahomedan colleagues time to realise that they would be compromising the interest of the Corporation if they allowed this injustice to remain because it was an injustice to the city an injustice to other communities and also an injustice to their own community. So far as his information went very few if any Mahommedans regard the deceased as a saint. The educated Mahommedans, whom he had consulted, told him that they did not consider that the deceased was a saint. If that was so then no religious or emotional considerations arose in this matter.

Mr. Unsud Dewla opposed the resolution on the ground that the burial was allowed and not a finger was moved to stop it. In the circumstances it did not rest with the Corporation to raise its voice that the burial was wrong and that body should be exhumed and removed.

Both Mr. Razak's amendments were lost. The recommendations 1, 2, 3 and of the Special Committee were carried by 39 votes to 9.—A.P.

UNEMPLOYMENT DISTRESS IN BOMBAY.

SUGESTIONS TO COPE WITH EVIL.

On behalf of the Unemployment Bureau Mr. Jhabwalla makes the following statement which, it is hoped, will be of use to several members of the Legislative Council who were interviewed on the question on his recent visit to Poona in connection with the Mill employees of Bombay, when the Bill for unemployment is to be moved in the House:—

I started the Unemployment Bureau with philanthropic end in view when I came to know that the unemployment crisis had begun to assume a grave aspect. That was in September, 1924. In the course of only five months and on the basis of a very few pretty jobs bringing at the most 50 rupees and in the least Rs. 15. I got no less than 900 applications. They were all from middle classes, especially from Hindus and Parsis. About 87 jobs were secured at first, and men who at first earned no less than Rs. 200 were prepared to accept such paltry jobs as mentioned above. My resources were very poor; the whole Institution was myself. But thanks to the local press and especially to the "Bombay Chronicle" that it co-operated with me in securing jobs by inserting my notices free of charge.

In the course of the next three months I got 400 to 500 applicateions all from the clerical population such as office managers, bill collectors, property managers, typists and even doctors and vakils. There were also a large number of mechanics and artisans among the lower middle class people who sought jobs. But jobs ceased to come in that period with the exception of a few and about 35 more employments could be secured, but of the large number about 14 to 15 hundred applications are still lying on my files; and I now do not entertain any applications because jobs are hard to find. I assure the public that if five jobs of a decent nature are offered to me I can get 500 applications on that basis: my registers have been inspected by the Labour Office. The Director has been assured of and he has agreed that there is heavy unemployment among middle classes, and that it is every day rising.

Retrenchments are common in all the firms of Bombay. Men earning Rs. 300 have been reduced to Rs. 200 and still they have stuck their jobs. My investigation leads me to conclude that there is at least one unemployed member in every family of about 5 to 6 members whose burden has to be maintained by other earning factors. The middle clsass is the greatest sufferer. Our Clerks' Union has been reduced to a boribund condition, and our numbers that counted by hundreds have fallen to barely 75 actual fee-paying members.

Government have agreed that the methods adopted by them to measure the unemployment crisis have proved futile because of want of careful and cautious system of getting at the actual numbers.

Suicides have been committed, thefts and murders practised and by slow starvation death is invited as a result of unemployment. Even madness in certain cases has been recorded to be due to unemployment. I suggest that the following measures be early employed by Government:—

(1) Creation of jobs; (2) Industrial and economic facility with a view to develop National Commerce and Industry; (3) Reduction in the prices of living; (4) Unemployment doles; (5) Unemployment insurance; (6) Old age pensions; (7) Labour exchange; (8) Government protection of Local Employees.; (9) Keeping of unemployed registers; (10) Indian Employers must necessarily support Indian employees.

TENSION AT PANIPAT.

INVESTIGATION UNDERTAKEN.

LAHORE, Aug. 14

The situation at Panipat remains unchanged and Hindus have not yet opened their shops. Dr. Gokal Chand Narang President of the Punjab Hindu Sabha, in a letter to the Commissioner of Ambala Division requests him to visit Panipat and gave the Hindus an assurance that their life and property will be safe and mischief mongers will not be allowed to take the law into their own hands and disturb the peace.

The Working Committee of the Punjab Congress Committee has passed a resolution expressing its regret and pain at the sad news of the serious situation that has arisen in Panipat in connection with the Muharram celebration. It extends its heartfelt sympathy to all those who have been injured. It was resolved that Dr. Parashuram, Secretary of the Punjab Congress Committee, should proceed immediately to Panipat to inquire into the whole state of affairs and submit report to the Working Committee of the Congress for necessary action.

The tension of feeling between the two communities is increasing every day in many parts of the Punjab over the Panipat affair.—A. P.

MILITARISM, A CURSE

INDIA'S MESSAGE TO WORLD

INDIANISATION OF ARMY.

Dr. Dadachanji delivered his third lecture on "Swaraj and Indianisation of the Army in ten years", at the Marwad Vidyalaya on Saturday, Mr. Jaisukhlal Mehta, presiding. There was a large audience present but after listening for full hour and a half to the lecturer the audience were at a loss to follow the train of the lecturer's argument. The lecturer had provided himself with a number of maps to make his lecture illuminating and had distributed a pamphlet intended to give an idea of his own programme of the Indianisation of the Army. But with all his paraphernalia, the audience left the hall no wiser than when they entered it.

Dr. K. K. Dadachanji said that in his previous lectures he had given them a general idea of his subject That evening he would try to show what the Indian Army was and what it ought to be, judged by the Western military authorities. Before doing that they must analyse the heart of their rulers. It was said that England was sending the best products of her public schools to govern India but in the words of an Englishman the public schools sent forth downright asses. And what could be expected of these down right asses? asked Dr. Dadachanji. After two hundred years of rule they found that their brains were deteriorating.

Continuing Dr. Dadachanji referred to the attacks made upon him by the Anglo-Indian papers which were infected with Indephobia When the Anglo-Indian papers referred to the Indian or Oriental vice, they seemed to forget what was taking place in their mother country.

Proceeding, the speaker dwelt upon the inadequate standing army that India was maintaining and said that it was impossible for that army to bear the brunt of the next war that was surely to be fought on the frontiers of India. Unless the whole nation was armed and kept ready as per the hand bills he had distributed the fate of India would be similar to that of Belgium in the last war. The Indians shout "Swaraj melvu sahela chhe" but he would remind them that "Swaraj rakhvu mushkel chhe." In the end Dr. Dadachanji exhorted the audience to insist on the Indianisation of the army.

"HUMAN NATURE THE SAME."

Mr. Jaisukhlal Mehta, the president of the meeting, said that he rose to address the gathering with mixed feelings of pleasure and pain—pleasure at seeing such a large number of people gathered to hear the lecture and pain at finding an otherwise interesting and very valuable lecture being spoilt by the lecturer by giving expression to his own views and by the unhappy choice of words. The first point of the lecturer about the superiority of the Latin races over the Nordic races did not appeal to the speaker. As far as the treatment of subject races was concerned, there was nothing to choose between any European people, whether they belonged to the Nordic or the Latin races. When the lecturer referred to the equality enjoyed by the black and coloured races under the French rule, he seemed to have lost sight of what was happening in Morocco, Syria and elsewhere where the French were ruling. He, personally, went so far as to think that human nature was everywhere the same. "Place a subject nation under any people and you will find the baser side of the ruling power asserting itself."

Proceeding, Mr. Mehta condemned the tone of the lecturer in referring to the morality of the British race. He hoped all of them would agree with him that they had come there to hear about the Indianisation of the Army and not to hear fulsome abuse being hurled at a particular race or nation. The lecturer, in his opinion, had sadly misunderstood his own theme and had completely gone out of his way when he (lecturer) made a sweeping remark about the morality of the British people by dubbing Britain as the cesspool of the world's vice and immorality.

A VICIOUS CIRCLE.

Proceeding, Mr. Jaisukhlal said that as far the Indianisation of the army was concerned Britain was playing her own game in India. It had become a vicious circle. When India demanded Swaraj, she was told that she was not prepared to defend herself and as such unfit to enjoy the Home Rule But, when the Indians tried to indianise the Army and to demand a greater share in the defence of their country, the British put obstacles in their way and would not have them their own way. Dr. Dadachanji's advice to them was to fight the Westerners with their own weapons. He entirely agreed with Dr. Dadachanji in condemning the rank militarism of the West; but, unfortunately, Dr. Dadachanji seemed to have been imbued with the same traits of militarism when he advocated Western ways and methods. The youth of the world was against militarism and it was only the elder statesmen of Europe who persisted and maintained militarism. What India wanted was a well organised army to defend herself but he was against the cultivation of the spirit of militarism. In persisting on having an army modelled and disciplined after the Western fashion, India should not be carried away by the spirit of militarism. Non-violence was the creed to which India had pledged herself and that was the message that India had to give to the world. India could not look up to violence as the panacea for her ills, but she should evolve her own system of Government suited to her spiritual, moral and philosophical genius and stand up as a united nation to guard against further encroachments on her liberty and freedom.

TIVIMNEUSES UNION.

A flashlight photograph of the annual social gathering of the Tivimneuses Union, Bombay, held at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, on the 8th instant.

POONA BRANCH OF DEPRESSED CLASSES SOCIETY.

The Mangalwar Peth Branch, (Poona) of the Depressed Classes Society was established at Poona on the 2nd instant, under the presidency of Rao Saheb M. Lingaya Naidu of Belgaum. Sitting from left to right are: (3) Mr. J. J. Khambatta (Chairman); (4) Rao Saheb M. Lingaya Naidu; (5) Mr. D. R. Guru (President); (6) Rao Saheb Dr. G. K. Naidu (Vice-President); (7) Rao Saheb R. R. Rai (Secretary); (8) Dr. M. R. Naidu (Bahadur) Treasurer; (10) Mr. J. S. Moskovitch (Vice-Chairman).

ANOTHER DULL DAY.

BOMBAY COUNCIL ADJOURNED

NON-BRAHMINS FOLLOW SWARAJISTS.

(By our Special Representative.)

POONA, Aug. 15

The Bombay Council was adjourned *sine die* to-day, by the President.

At to-day's meeting of the Council, again the Swarajists refrained from asking the many questions that stood in their names, their sympathisers following suit. There were some questions against Mr. G. I. Patil's name, and Mr. Swaminarayan refused to ask them, when Mr. R. D. Shinde rising to a point of order asked the President whether a member was right in not asking questions which he was authorised to ask. The President said it was a matter between Mr. Patil and the member, and he could not compel any member to ask questions. Mr. Shivadasani who was asked to move Mr. Patil's resolution also refused to do so. Most of the resolutions standing against the names of Swarajists were important, but since they refused to budge from their seats, others had to be called upon to move their resolutions, not only members of the Swaraj Party but also some of the non-Brahmins refused to move their resolutions. The latter in the absence of the support of the Swaraj Party thought it prudent to drop their resolutions, as they would have found little support in the Council. The attentance on Saturday was small since many Swarajists had left Poona as they had no further business in the House. Those who remained behind were restless and only now and then stepped into the Council Hall. All the talking was done by non-Brahmins and Muslims. Maulvi Rafiudin being specially loquacious. The reason why members like Messrs. Kambli, Surve and Chowdhury did not move their resolutions was apparent; for in the absence of the Swarajists' support they were nowhere, as the Swaraj Party has now definitely refused to serve as their footstool, and before Government numbers they were a negligible minority. Therefore, in any fight with Government they were found to go down without any struggle worth the name. Very few members, in fact, took any interest in the proceedings, and there was a holiday appearance. The resolutions discussed were of a trumpery nature, and the discussion was most common place and purely of a local interest. They were either about roads in a particular district or a school for girls, or for a Muslim headmaster or two. The movers' outlook was purely parochial, and extremely narrow, hence they were of no particular interest to the general public. The more important resolutions of non-Brahmins had to be dropped for want of support from Swarajists.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAILS.

Mr. D. P. Cooper's resolution for the income of toll-bars, Satara District, to be handed over to the District Local Board there, was rejected after some discussion. The next resolutions of Dr. Mehta, and Messrs. R. G. Pradhan, D. N. Surve V. N. Jog, and R. G. Soman were not moved by them. Mr. S. N. Angudi's resolution asked for an Anglo-Vernacular girls' school in Belgaum and Maulvi Rafiuddin speaking on it, trotted forth the grievances of Muslims who were pining for Urdu schools, and had perforce to learn the vernaculars of particular districts instead of Urdu. The Maulvi cannot touch a subject without bringing in communalism, and it seems he is mentally incapable of taking a broad view on any question. Mr. Jadhav in his reply made somewhat satisfactory promise, but Mr. Angudi was not pacified, and he refused to withdraw it. On putting it to vote the President declared it lost.

Khansaheb Mansuri then took the field with his demand for at least one Muslim Headmaster, one Deputy Educational Inspector, and three assistants. He grew romantic in his speech. He harped on the disabilities of Muslims and said they were called "Mnasabs" by Hindus and others. Was it proper that these differences should be widened, and was it good for the so-called Swaraj? he pathetically asked. Education was the only thing which could make us rise or fall and Government was responsible or keeping Muslims backward. Muslems were purposely kept back because the authorities were afraid that Muslims, who were descendents of ruling races, would rise up and outstrip them. Brahmins were enticed away by the sugar loaf of scholarships, and all appointments were monopoised by them. Such were a few of the jems in his oration. Mr. Rafiuddin, who supported the mover, went off at a tangent as usual, and brought in all sorts of extraneous matter in his speech. He made a bitter attack on the Hon. Mr. Jadhav and at one point he completely forgot the resolution in his zeal. Mr. R. D. Shinde thought it his duty to defend the Hon. Mr. Jhadav, and said Non-Brahmins suffered more than Muslims, as according to their numerical strength they had very few appointments, and Muslims had a larger share of such jobs, he said. The Hon. Mr. Jadhav in his reply, was more concerned with the irrelevant attacks of Maulvi Rafiuddin than with the resolution, and the President had to ask him to confine himself to the subject before the Council. In the end the resolution was passed, although Maulvi Rafiuddin himself was rather surprised at the result and insisted on a division but he was brought round by the President.

REMUNERATION OF VILLAGE SERVANTS.

The next resolution was by Mr. Zunzarrao asking Government to appoint a committee to enquire into the question whether hereditary village servants such as Patels, Mahars, Joglas, etc., got proper remuneration, and to suggest steps for the purpose. This was on the lines of Mr. Nekalajay's resolution on the previous day. Government pressed for division, and only 14 votes were cast in favour, while 26 were against. This was the second disillusionment to the great party of 13, holding the balance in the Council, since Swarajists refused to participate in the debate.

Mr. H. M. Rahimtoola asked Government to issue orders authorising Mahomedans of Bombay to perform their Id prayers on the Esplanade Maidan twice a year. The Hon. Mr. Lallubhai while agreeing to give facilities to Muslims for their prayers on the Maidan, refused to be bound by it, as Government had other prior obligations standing in their way. The resolution was amended by asking Government to give every facility, etc., and in its amended form it was accepted.

Mr. Shinde's resolution asked for a committee to enquire into the growing indebtedness of agriculturists of the Deccan, to examine the working of the Deccan Agriculturists Relief Act and to suggest means to ameliorate their economic condition.

The Secretary Mr. Wiles said the Government of India had appointed the Economic Enquiry Committee and after their report was out the Bombay Government would make an enquiry into the question.

Mr. Shinde then withdrew his resolution Mr. Bole refused to move his resolution for the abolition of the Khoti system in Ratnagiri any Kolaba Districts, as he was sure to be defeated by Government.

Maulvi Rafiudin then moved his resolution asking Government to abolish the Quarantine for Mecca pilgrims at Kamran.

Hon. Mr. Cowasji, speaking on behalf of Government said the quarantine was for the safety of pilgrims from all parts of the world. Pilgrims were examined at Bombay and facilities were provided at Kamran which was a couple of days distance from Jedah, and the Government of India had spent lakhs of rupees for the benefit of pilgrims. This was a "Central" subject, and the Bombay Government had nothing to do with it. He asked the mover to go to the Government of India about it.

The Resolution was then withdrawn.

SLAUGHTER OF MILCH CATTLE.

Mr. R. D. Patil moved a lengthy resolution imposing sentence of six months and fine of 200 on those who slaughtered all pregnant and milch cattle all cows breeding bulls and all animals except sheep and goats of or below the age of 12 years, provided that no part of the resolution extended to the sacrifice of cattle by Mahomedans for Id religious ceremony.

Mr. Patil, in the moving resolution, made a hit at the Swarajists, and said he depended on their support for passing his resolution, as he had been challenged to carry it. The mover apparently having a very short memory had forgotten all the events of the past few days, but he had to counter the opposition of Muslems, and seeing the situation he wisely withdrew it.

Mr. S. N. Athavale had a very ambitious resolution in his name, and that was to ask Government to class the Christian Community in the Karnatac under "backward Communities". But he withdrew it in time, refusing to move it.

Mr. Zunzarrao's two resolutions were withdrawn.

Mr. Nekaljay withdrew his resolution for prohibiting by law the practice among certain classes of eating carrion also for providing boarding houses for the children of the depressed classes in the districts.

Mr. Rahimtoola next moved a resolution asking for two holidays on Ramzan Id, and after some discussion the matters were carried to division and there only five voters were found in favour and 16 against. That showed the strength of the Council in the afternoon.

Mr. Bole then recommended Government to take steps to establish a fund called the "Bombay Presidency Workmen's Welfare Fund", in cooperation with the municipal and other local bodies and various kinds of employers in the Presidency to be spent for the benefit of workmen in organised industries by undertaking schemes for education, recreation, and for giving financial assistance during sickness, unemployment, and such other difficulties.

Hon. Mr. Cowasji said Government had no money for the purpose, and he did not think that the local bodies would give money. The resolution was then withdrawn. Many other resolutions were then either withdrawn after formally moving them, or not moved at all. In fact there was a perfect understanding established between Government and the few members who sat on the Opposition Benches. Remarkable progress was thus made, and nearly 160 resolutions were disposed of in the space of two days, and this was done to the cooperation of members who remained behind. At the end the President said the Governor had given no message proroging the Council and he would therefore adjourn it *sine die*. This is the first Council which had the distinction of finishing its lengthy agenda.

MR. KELKAR ON POLITICAL SITUATION.

On Friday last Mr. N. C. Kelkar delivered a lecture before a large audience at the Marwadi Vidyalaya, Bombay, on the "Present Political Situation. In the photo he is seen addressing the audience: on his left is seated Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas who presided on the occasion.

"PRESENT SITUATION"

MR. N. C. KELKAR'S SPEECH.

On Friday evening, Mr. N. C. Kelkar, M.L.A., delivered at the Marwadi Vidyalaya, a lecture, in Marathi, on the "Present political situation", with Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas, in the chair.

In the course of his speech Mr. Kelkar referred to the Reading-Brikenhead confabulations and said the whole of India was anxiously waiting for Lord Reading's forthcoming declaration which had been promised for some time now. This declaration, it was supposed, would contain the offer of another piece of liberty to Indians. All those present were familiar with an old Hindu custom, by which the mother in-law made a present to the daughter-in law when the bride entered the bridegroom' house for the first time after the wedding. The present was usually hidden at first and the bride was asked to guess what the present would be. In great hopes, the bride enumerated a number of rich presents but in the end found that the actualities were far below her hopes. The present relation between the Government and the Indian people was similar to that of the mother-in-law and the daughter-in-law. Much was expected from Lord Reading's forthcoming statement, which would certainly shatter the hopes of most Indians. But if India was to gain anything the methods of Indian politicians would have to be altered.

Proceeding, Mr. Kelkar outlined the history of the Congress Democratic Party founded by Lokmanya Tilak. He then referred to the events of the last few years which were full of disagreements between leaders playing a very unfortunate part. The main point that caused all the differences was the matter of co-operation or non-co-operation with the Government and the consequent boycott of the councils. The speaker himself had always been against the policy of extreme non-co-operation. Neither did he advocate the policy of total co-operation with the Government. The course that he suggested was one of responsive co-operation by which as many places as possible were taken up in the councils by the members of the Swaraj Party. This even to the extent of creating a majority there, so that when Government failed to respond to the demands of the majority, it would be clear to everybody that the small concessions made to the people from time to time were ultimately of no value whatever.

It was very unfortunate, concluded Mr. Kelkar, that the parties could not show a united front in this matter. The non Brahmin Party was even now a standing instance of a party that was uncompromising even for the sake of the general interests of the country.

"BACK TO AMRITSAR."

Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas summing up the lecturers' remarks observed that with most of what Mr. Kelkar said, he was in agreement. Mr. Kelkar, no doubt, was partial to his own party, which was human and natural but Mr. Kelkar was right in saying that all political parties in India were at a stand still and thought that unity was the only remedy. He bore testimony to Mr. Kelkar's opposition to the Non-Co-operation movement at its commencement in Calcutta in 1920, when he (the president) and Mr. Kelkar voted against the resolution though afterwards while Dr. Besant and her followers continued their opposition to N.C.O. Mr. Kelkar obeyed the Congress decision though from inside he always opposed it and tried to rally this co-workers to support Mr. Tilak's policy of responsive co-operation. Mr. Kelkar had eventually succeeded indoing so in converting Pandit Nehru and Deshbandhu Das to Responsive Co-operation, and the latest recruit was Gandhiji himself. Mr. Kelkar was right in saying that Gandhiji had lost a fine opportunity of an honorable settlement at the end of 1921, for it was his own (Mr. Jamnadas') privilege to travel with Mr. Kunzru from Benares, Allahabad and Crownpore to Ahmedabad and back to Calcutta to make an effort to persuade Mr. Gandhi to agree to the Conference. Even at that moment the policy of Responsive Co-operation would have paid. Mr. Jamnadas congratulated Maharastra on once more giving a practical lead in politics and for wholeheartedly supporting Dr. Besants' Commonwealth of India Bill which was drafted by representatives of all parties. He argued the importance of all parties uniting, and not wasting their time either in mutual recriminations or in proclaiming high-sounding but dreamy theories before the public which would lead them no where except where N.C.O. has led them namely to the necessity of "going back to Amritsar". He asked the audience to accord a cordial vote of thanks to the lecturer.

INDIANISATION OF IMPERIAL BANK.

SUPPORT TO MR. DAS'S BILL.

MADRAS, Aug. 15.

The Executive of the Southern India Chamber of Commerce met and resolved to support Mr. Das's Bill for the Indianisation of the Imperial Bank of India holding that in order that the interests of Indians might be fully safeguarded and for more efficient management and working of the Imperial Bank it is absolutely necessary that at least one half of the Managing Governors should be Indian, and that the proportion of Indan Directors and Governors on the local and Central Boards of the Bank should also be similarly increased and strengthened.—A. P.

MAHATMA IN BIHAR.

PROGRAMME OF TOUR.

RANCHI, Aug. 15.

A provisional programme of Mr. Gandhi's tour in this province is now available. The programme covers various places in the province and extends from the 12th September to 30th October. The first visiting station is Purulia on 12th and 13th September in connection with the Provincial Political Conference. Important stations in the programme are Ranchi, Jharia, Dhanbad, Bhagalpur, Patna, Gaya and Muzaffarpur.—A. P.

SIKH SUDHAR MOVEMENT.

AMRITSAR, Aug. 15.

The Sikh Sudhar movement, which first came into prominence in August 1924 its object being the solution of the problem of Gurdwara reform by constitutional means, as opposed to the methods of direct action favoured by the Akalis now claims a membership of just under 97,000. During the first year of its existence it has organised and held about 165 diwans on a big scale, besides numerous other smaller "diwans". The movement is understood to have considerable financial resources.—A. P.

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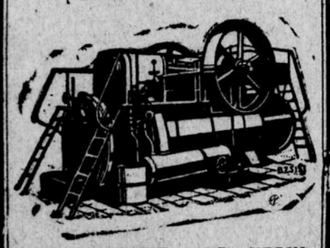

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SHOCKING ACCIDENT AT MULUND.

EUROPEAN ENGINEER'S TRAGIC DEATH.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANDRA, Aug. 13.

A shocking accident occurred at Mulund, on Tuesday, resulting in the death of Mr. Thomas Francis Williams, an Englishman, who was the Engineering Foreman of Messrs. Braithwaite & Co., Engineers Ltd., of Mulund.

It was expected that the amount of the wages of his staff would the brought by a motor car, but as, though he had waited for some hours, the money did not arrive, Mr. Williams at once got on his trolly and told his men to push off as fast as they could as he was bent upon bringing the amount that day so that the men could have some money for the following day of the Gocul Ashtami.

As Field Station, No. 8, where the new Tansa water pipe is being laid as the trolley was nearing a culvert 12 feet broad it suddenly jumped off the rails and, crossing the embankments tumbled down the culvert 20 feet deep, on ground, rocky and full of boulders.

The injuries sustained were of a ghastly nature. Both the trolley men did their best to save their master who lay bleeding and almost unconscious. They sat him up and procured some water but the deceased could not drink and soon expired.

Mr. Leverett, the District Superintendent of Police, Bandra, on receipt of information immediately repaired to the scene of the accident and made diligent enquiries.

The deceased who was a middle-aged man, was very popular among his men at the works. The funeral which took place yesterday evening at Sewri was well attended. The deceased leaves behind a widow and a young daughter.

RAINFALL IN INDIA.

SIMLA, Aug. 15.

The Bay monsoon continues active in Burma and North-east India. The Arabian Sea monsoon has strengthened in the interior of the Peninsula, but remains weak elsewhere.

Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Assam, Orissa, the Konkan, South Hyderabad and Mysore and local in Upper Burma, Bengal, Behar, the East Central Provinies, North Hyderabad, South-east Madras, Madras Deccan and the North Madras Coast.

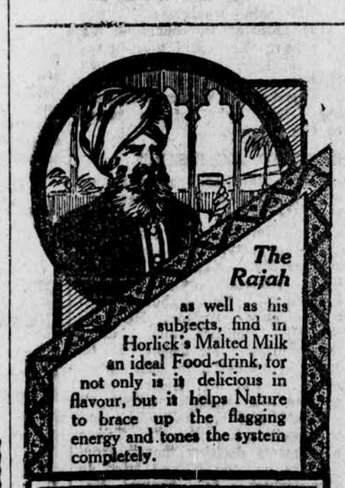
A few falls have occured in Chota Nagpor, Kashmir, East Rajputana, Gujrat and the Bombay Deccan.

Chief amounts are:—Rangoon two inches; Diamond Island five; Toungoo one; Cherrapunji four; Silchar and Sangor Island one and a half; Narayanganj one; Balasore two; Puri four; Jagdalpur three; Madura one and a half; nd Gopalpur one.

Forecast:—Extension in Central Provinces and increase in North Hyderabad.—A.P.

RAINFALL AT BOMBAY.

STATIONS.	24 hrs. to 8 a.m. of 15th Aug. 1925.	Total since 1st June, 1925.	June 1st to 15th Aug. 1923	June 1st to 15th Aug. 1924
	In. Ct.	In. Ct.	In. Ct.	In. Ct.
Colaba Point ..	0 46	42 12	56 65	25 87
Fort	0 65	46 93	58 58	28 89
Esplanade	..	..	..	..
J. J. Hospital	0 59	44 97	54 80	29 75
Cumbala Hill				
Kemp & Cy.	..	..	..	..
Bom. Vety. Col				
Parel.	..	..	..	..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as well as his subjects, find in Horlick's Malted Milk an ideal Food-drink, for not only is it delicious in flavour, but it helps Nature to brace up the flagging energy and tones the system completely.
HORLICK'S MALTED MILK
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NIMOOCHANA TRAGEDY.

REPORT OF INQUIRY COMMITTEE SOON TO BE PUBLISHED.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

AJMER, August 15.

After individual efforts by important persons and public bodies to secure from the Alwar state an impartial enquiry into the Nimoochana tragedy had failed the Nimoochana Enquiry Committee was formed with representatives of the Rajasthan Sevasangha, Rajputana Madehyab-Bhrat Sabha and Alwar Jane Sahayak Sabha and several public workers of prominence and independent status. Before the Committee commenced enquiries attempts were made to obtain state co-operation and help, but the Alwar authorities would not grant an interview to the Committee's representative sent to Alwar. The Committee was therefore obliged to undertake independent enquiries which are now finished. The report will be soon published after another effort to approach the Alwar authorities.

CLAIMS OF RANI OF GADWAL.

MADRAS, Aug. 14.

A memorial signed by Lady Sadasiva Iyer, Mrs. T. V. Seshagiri Iyer and several other influential ladies of Madras has been forwarded to His Exalted Highness the Nizam of Hyderabad urging the claims of the Rani of Gadwal, widow of the Raja who died on the 12th May last, to the Gadi of the State. The memorial points out among other things that there is no disqualification for female heirs to succeed to the gadi of their husbands.—A. P.

APPOINTMENTS FOR BACKWARD CLASSES.

MADRAS, Aug. 14.

Government have passed orders in pursuance of the resolution of the Madras Legislative Council appointing a committee of the House, representative of the communities concerned, to consider whether any and, if so, what measures are necessary effectively to provide for the appointment of candidates from communities which have not a due share of the appointments in the public service until any unequal representation that may at present exist is rectified.—A. P.

GIRL WHO GREW UP A BOY.

A STRANGE PARIS CASE.

Quite recently our Constantinople correspondent gave particulars of the case of a Turkish girl who in course of time grew up a boy to the amazement of everybody including her relatives. Now we hear of a similar strange case which has cropped up in France. The Paris correspondent of the "Morning Post" in a despatch dated July 23, writes as follows:—

An extraordinary divorce suit has just been decided by one of the French courts in a manner almost as strange as the facts of the case itself. The principal party concerned was born late in the nineteenth century, and was registered as a girl in accordance with a medical certificate given at birth. As the years went on, the girl—like Marie L'Homme, who, Montaigne states, underwent such a radical transformation that "she" eventually developed into a perfect soldier of the King—changed sex to such an extent that in 1911 "he" was legally married at one of the Paris mairies to a blushing bride. The marriage was not carried out without considerable difficulty and risk, as it was necessary for the bridegroom to borrow a brother's identity papers in order to overcome the legal obstacle due to the fact that the would-be husband was officially of the female sex.

After the young husband had passed the customary medical examination and served in the army throughout the war difficulties arose between the couple, and the wife, basing her petition on his misconduct, sued for divorce. The erring husband's birth certificate naturally constituted one of the most important papers in the case. The court held that it was impossible, owing to the fact that both parties were legally proved to be women, to grant the decree asked for. Petitioning wife's counsel pointed out the absurdity of such a view in face of the known facts. The court retorted that according to the Civil Code no question of this kind could be considered after a period of six months after the date of marriage. As the parties admitted having been married for nearly fifteen years, the lady's petition necessarily failed.

SEDITION CONVICTION UPHELD.

CALCUTTA, August 14.

At the High Court to-day Justices Suhrwardy and Panton delivered judgment in the appeal preferred by Dr. Pratap Chunder Guha Roy, Swarajist, who had been convicted by the District Magistrate of Alipur of delivering seditious speeches and sentenced to two years' imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 1,000. Their Lordships upheld the conviction, but reduced the sentence to six months' rigorous imprisonment.—A. P.

COMMERCIAL.

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Bombay, Aug. 17.

3 1/2 per cent. Rupee Paper Rs. 69/6
4 per cent. Conversion Loan due 1931 86 Rs. 87
5 per cent. War Loan due 1929-47 Rs. 95/14
5 per cent. Loan (Tax Free) due 1933 Rs. 100/3
5 per cent. Loan (Tax Free) due 1945 55 Rs. 100
5 1/2 per cent. War Bonds (Tax Free) due 1925 Rs. 103/5
5 1/2 per cent. War Bonds (Tax Free) due 1928 Rs. 105/12
6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) due 1926 Rs. 101/11
6 per cent. (Tax Free) due 1927 Rs. 102/8
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1930 Rs. 104/8
6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) due 1931 Rs. 104/14
6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) due 1932 Rs. 105/10
6 1/2 per cent. B'bay Dep. Loan (Tax Free) due 1935 Rs. 109/7
4 per cent. Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 76/8
4 per cent. Municipal due 1974 Rs. 76
4 per cent. Improvement Trust due 1974 Rs. 76
6 per cent. Port Trust due 1930 Rs. 100/4
6 per cent. Municipal due 1929-49 Rs. 100/8

Tone of Market:—Quiet.

SHARES.

London, Aug. 14.

Hongkong Bank £131 1/2.
Chartered Bank £20 1/8.
National Bank £47.
P. and O. Bank £10
Eastern Bank £6 1/8

London, Aug. 15.

	£
Hongkong Bank	131 1/2
Chartered Bank	20 1/8
National Bank	47
P. & O. Bank	10
Eastern Bank	6 1/8

London, Aug. 15.

Warsaw 2615.
Exchange in Paris closed.
Rentes 3 per cent 47.
Bar Silver (Spot) 32 1/4.
Bar Silver 2 months hence 32 5/16.
Closing Tone of Silver:—China buying steady.
Interest day to day loans 2 3/4.
Interest 7 days market loans 3 1/2.
Discount, Bank of England Rate 4½ per cent since 6th instant.

GOLD.

Bombay, Aug. 15.

Ready:—21.5.
Vaida Bhadrwa:—Opening 21-4-9. At 6 p.m. 21-4-9.
Vaida Asho:—Opening 21-4-6. At 6 p.m. 21-4-6.
Teji Mandi:—
Vaida Bhadwra:—Opening 0-1-6.
Vaida Asho:—Opening 0-2-6.
Tone of market:—Quiet.

SILVER.

Bombay, Aug. 15.

Ready:—72.9.
Vaida Sravan:—At 6 p.m.
Vaida Bhadwra:—Opening 72-8-0. At 6 p.m. 72-8-0.
Vaida Asho:—Opening 72.5-0. At 6 p.m. 72-5-0.
Teji Mandi:—
Vaida Bhadwra:—Opening 0-8-0.
Vaida Asho:—Opening 0-14-0.
Tone of market:—Quiet.

METAL REPORT.

London, Aug. 14.

Tin Block £269 3/3
Linseed Calcutta Pure Basis. Bags August/September sellers £22 1/2.
Tone.—Dull and easier more enquire.
Raw Linseed Oil Naked Spot Net.—
August sellers 41/9.
September/December sellers 41/9.

London, Aug. 14

English Best Selected Copper £65 1/2.
Standard Copper G. M. B. £62 1/2.
Copper Braziers £82.
Yellow Metal 69 1/2 net per ton.
Hard Spelter 31 3/4.
Corrugated Sheets £16 1/4.

London, Aug. 15.

	£
English best Selected Copper	65 1/2
Standard Copper G.M.B.	62 1/2
Copper Braziers	82
Yellow Metal	net per ton 69 1/2
Hard Spelter	31 3/4
Corrugated Sheets	16 1/4

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Daily Quotations.

BRASS.

Bombay, Aug. 15.

	Per md	Rs.	a.	p.
Brass, English	¾	56	8	0
Brass, English	1	56	8	0
Brass, English	1¼	56	8	0
Brass, English	1½	56	8	0
Brass, English	1¾	56	8	0
Brass, English	2	56	8	0

COPPER.

Bombay, Aug. 15.

	Per md.	Rs.	a.	p.
Copper, German	¾	62	8	0
Copper, German	1	62	8	0
Copper, German	1¼	62	8	0
Copper, American	1½	62	8	0
Copper, American	1¾	62	8	0
Copper, American	2	62	8	0
Japanese Copper Bars		62	0	0
Panchteka joint		28	0	0
Copper, English Bars		61	0	0
Brass Bars		41	0	0
Pat Klai		67	8	0
Lead, country		27	0	0
Koger, Brass, Metal ¾ to 1		54	12	0
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METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA

Bombay, 14th Aug

Mean of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr inches.		29.738
Temperature of Air		80.4 degrees
Wet Bulb Thermometer		76.8 "
Dew Point		75.1 "
Relative humidity of Air		84%
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy equal to 10)		7.6 "
Maximum temperature of Air		84.9 "
Minimum do. do.		78.4 "
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight		W, WSW
Movement of Wind from midnight to midnight		174 miles
Fall of Rain		0.74 inches
Total fall during month		5.82 "
Do, do year		44.82 "
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 15th Aug.		0.06 "

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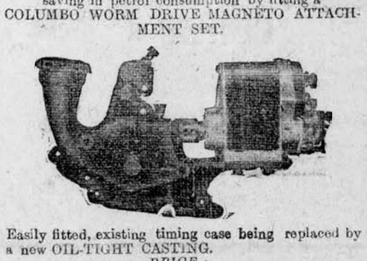

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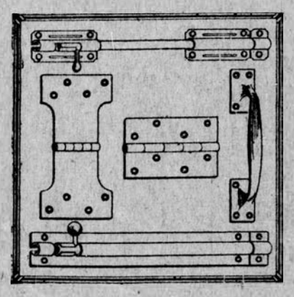

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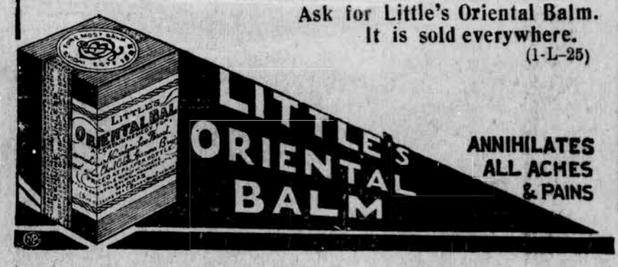

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